The Columbian.

VOL 44. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MARCH 17, 1910. NO 11

WHEN YOU WANT TO

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3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

HOLY WEEK AND EASTER.

St. Matthew's Lutheran Church.

The following is the series of services that will be held in St. Matthew's Lutheran Church during next week, beginning on Palm Sunday, and ending on Easter, with the subjects for sermons by the pastor, Rev. J. E. Byers:

PALM SUNDAY—March 20th.

10:30 a. m. A New Kind of a King and Kingdom.

7:00 p. m. Palm Sunday "What is my Attitude to Christ's Suffering and the Cross."

A TRAGEDY OF ERRORS.

MONDAY, March 21st.

7:45 p. m. Judas' Part in the Tragedy.

TUESDAY, March 22nd.

7:45 p. m. The Part of Caiaphas, the High Priest.

WEDNESDAY, March 23rd.

7:45 p. m. Peter's Amazing Mistake.

THURSDAY, March 24th.

7:45 p. m. Pilate's Famous Non-Sequitur.

GOOD FRIDAY.

THREE HOURS DEVOTION 12 m. to 3:00 p. m.

A season of quiet waiting before God in His sanctuary, with appropriate music and prayer and address. A sacred and holy time.

7:45 p. m. "Looking back to Calvary."

EASTER SUNDAY.

6:00 a. m. Early service of Joy and Praise.

9:00 a. m. Sunday School Special exercises. Easter Offering for Church Extension.

10:20 a. m. Morning Worship. Confirmation and Reception of New Members. Holy Communion. Easter Offering.

2:00 p. m. Meeting of Junior Missionary Society.

2:30 p. m. Baptism of Children.

6:00 p. m. C. E. Meeting. "Getting Ready to Live Forever."

7:00 p. m. Evening service and Holy Communion. Sermon—The Resurrection. Special Easter Offering.

MRS. EMMA GORREY.

Mrs. Emma Gorrey, widow of Thomas Gorrey, died at her home on West Main street, Sunday morning, in her sixty-second year. Last August she suffered a strcke of paralysis, and last week another attacked her, so that her death was expected.

Mrs. Gorrey was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John S. Sterner, and was born in Jerseytown, but nearly all of her life was spent in Bloomsburg.

She is survived by eight children: John and Thomas, of town; Mrs. J. P. McNall, of Milton, Mrs. R. E. Moran, of Chicago, Ill.; Miss Helen Gorrey, who is teaching at Marshalton, Delaware, and Misses Catherine, Frances and Mary at home. Besides these there are five grandchildren, and three brothers, William, George W. and Charles Sterner, of town.

The funeral services were held yesterday morning at 9 o'clock in St. Columba's church, Father Murphy officiating. Interment was made in Rosemont cemetery.

NORMAL WON LAST HOME GAME.

The Normal basket ball team won its home game last Thursday evening, when it played Juniata College in the Normal gymnasium. The score was 36–16. They have had a successful season.

A DANGEROUS PRECEDENT.

It is presumed that the courts will pass upon all matters that come before them, in a judicial manner. This means that they will first hear the cases and then decide upon what disposition shall be made of them.

For a Judge while off the bench to pledge himself to do a certain thing in a case that has not yet been presented to the Court, is not only not judicial, but it is, to say the least, most injudicious. No Judge possessed of self-respect, and a fair conception of the duties of his position, should permit any man to approach him in private, out of Court, and solicit his favorable action in a matter that is subsequently to be presented to the court for its official action Were such a practice to be permitted to prevail there would be little use in wasting time in preparing petitions for appointments and such matters as the associate judges have a voice in determining. The result would not depend upon the merits of the case, but upon the activity of the man who first got the ear of a majority of the court in private, and this would be a menace to the rights of the public.

These remarks are suggested by the fact that in the matter of the appointment of a member of the Bloomsburg Town Council to fill a vacancy, Associate Judge Yeager is reported to have said, before the case came up, that he "was in a box and did not know what to do, as he had already promised one of the applicants for the position to vote for him."

There was no wrong done in voting for the man for whom he did vote, as the appointee is a reputable citizen, and competent to fill the office. The wrong was in the violation of a principle, and that principle is that no member of a court should prejudge a case that is to come before him, nor attempt to decide it until he has heard all sides of the matter and given all persons interested a full and impartial hearing.

There is no suggestion or suspicion of corruption in the matter on the part of Judge Yeager. His action was probably due to lack of proper consideration of the situation, and without intent to do wrong, but now that his attention has been called to the impropriety, it is devoutly to be hoped that he will not make the same mistake again.

FIRE AT ESPY.

Bert Miller, of Espy, whose house burned recently, suffered another loss from fire last Friday evening when his two barns and his green house were destroyed.

In the larger barn destroyed were two tons of hay, a ton of straw, 1,000 slat boxes used in trucking, three horses and cow and four sets of harness. Twenty bushels of large onions and 20 bushels of onion sets, also in this building were destroyed.

In the smaller barn was the finishing lumber for the new house he has been erecting to take the place of the home recently destroyed, and this was destroyed, together with a large quantity of seeds, a furnace, two plows and pipe and pipe fittings for the new home.

The townsmen of Espy worked hard to save the buildings, but little could be done.

The trolley sent up a special car from Bloomsburg with men to aid in the task of fighting the fire.

The loss is in the neighborhood of $3500, with very little insurance.

"It is the dollar you do not spend that puts you ahead." —Franklin
The unspent dollar that passes through the teller's window begins at once to earn another dollar for the depositor.
Moral: We give equal consideration to large and small accounts.
Deposit your Savings regularly, and See how they Grow.
We pay 3 per cent. on Savings Accounts.

THE BLOOMSBURG NATIONAL BANK
BLOOMSBURG PENN'A

THE EXHIBITION.

Sixteenth Annual Normal Gymnastic Display Will be Given Friday Evening.

Excitement prevails among the undergraduate ranks of the Normal School over the coming gymnastic exhibition tomorrow evening. This will be the sixteenth annual event, and it has aroused even more enthusiasm than did the former ones, all of which have been productive of considerable excitement.

The Seniors and Middlers have been preparing songs and yells, which they have been practicing behind closed doors in the Midway, the Lyric, and the Columbia Theatre, with great enthusiasm. It is expected that all the classes will spring something pretty in the way of costumes.

The display will differ this year in that it will be given in the Auditorium instead of in the Gymnasium as formerly. A platform has been built, extending out from the stage over the seats in the front part of the house.

Evidence of the interest taken in the event by the people of Bloomsburg was shown Monday morning when the board opened at S. R. Bidleman's store. Within a very short time the long line of persons in waiting marked off the good seats in quick order.

The audience will undoubtedly be entertained tomorrow evening, and the undergrads will have their share of the fun, too.

EX-JUDGE WILLIAM A. MARR.

While visiting his sister, Mrs. Margaret M. Barber, at her home in Philadelphia, ex-Judge William A. Marr died suddenly, on Saturday night. He was widely known as a jurist, having served on the Common Pleas Court of Schuylkill county for the ten years ending January, 1909. A Democrat of the old school, he took a deep interest in the affairs of his party, and on several occasions sat as a delegate in State and national conventions. Judge Marr was born 73 years ago, in Union county, but from boyhood lived at Ashland, where he studied law prior to his admission to the Schuylkill County Bar. Funeral services were held Tuesday, at 2 o'clock, at the Broad street residence of Mrs. Barber, and the body was taken to Lewisburg for burial on Wednesday.

Judge Marr was well known in this county. Twenty years ago he was a regular attendant at the sessions of the courts here, representing as he did, many of the coal and other corporations in the lower end of the county. He was one of the counsel for the defense in the first Mollie Maguire trial, about 1869.

He was an affable gentlemen and a good lawyer We believe his last visit to Bloomsburg was in April 1905, when he was a guest of the Bar, and one of the speakers at the banquet given by the lawyers of the county to Col. John G. Freeze on the 57th Anniversary of his admission to the Bar.

TO BE PRINCETON INSTRUCTOR.

Donald Herring will graduate from Oxford University, England, next June. He has accepted a professorship in Modern History at Princeton University, where he graduated before going to Oxford. He is a brilliant young man, and will make his mark.

COUNTY DIRECTORS WILL MEET.

The School Directors of Columbia County will meet Saturday in Normal Auditorium, and a very entertaining program has been arranged for them.

The first session will be called promptly at nine o'clock, when Dr. D. J. Waller will address the meeting and conduct the devotions.

E. F. Carpenter will read the minutes of the last meeting and J. H. Eisenhauer will deliver the president's address.

Wm. C. Hosler, J. E. Bloss, Rev. I. M. Bachman and J. C. Brown, who attended the recent state convention of directors, will each make addresses based upon the speeches heard there. C. D. Koch, the state high school inspector, will probably be present and address the directors.

At 12 o'clock the banquet will begin in the Normal dining room. Prof. G. E. Wilbur will be the toastmaster and the following persons will respond to toasts: "Our Wives," F. B. Hartman; "Our Teachers," Grant Johnson; "Our Profession," James G. Sigman and R. Bruce Albert; "Our Babies," Dr. Ambrose Shuman; "The Man Behind the Gun," E. R. Kester.

At two o'clock the county contest in spelling and addition will take place in the auditorium. After this Prof. Mark Creasy, of Hawley, Pa., will give an address to the directors and teachers. The convention will close with a short business session.

HOLY WEEK AT ST. PAUL'S.

The observances of Holy Week and Easter at St. Paul's Episcopal Church will be as follows:

Daily services at 9:30 a. m. On Monday, Tuesday and Thursday at 4:30 p. m.; Wednesday and Good Friday at 7:30 p. m.; Good Friday, three hours' devotion, from 12 to 3 p. m. Easter Even, baptism at 3 p. m.

EASTER DAY.

Morning Prayer, with choir, 6:00 a. m.

Holy Communion, 7.00 a. m.

Holy Communion, with sermon and choir, 10:30 a. m.

Annual service for Sunday School 3:00 p. m.

Evening Prayer and sermon 7:00.

AN ENTERTAINING LECTURE.

Judge Willis Brown, of Salt Lake City, delivered a lecture last Friday evening in the Normal Auditorium on "The Law and the Boy". A large audience heard him, and were extremely well pleased. He talked in an easy conversational manner, and interested his listeners in his presentation of his methods of juvenile court procedure.

Judge Brown has been instrumental in the foundation of institutions for the care of the bad boy, and has been highly successful in his work.

DR. WELLIVER APPOINTED COUNCILMAN.

At last Friday's session of the court, three petitions were presented for the appointment of a councilman to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Charles W. Runyon. The petitions were those of Dr. G. H. Welliver, James Magee, II., and William H. Fisher.

The court retired and considered the applications, with the result that Dr. Welliver was appointed.

TOWNSEND'S CORNER.

This Style Is One of Many

IF YOU are interested in fine Made-To-Measure Tailoring at prices which none can possibly compete with, your presence is much desired at our store. Ask for "International" and we'll surprise you with their wondrous range of All Wool Fabrics and the classiness of their Models.

WITH EASTER

less than three weeks away, you will be compelled to get busy if you want a new Easter Suit, although we have a beautiful line of Ready to put on Clothing from Children to Men.

NECKWEAR, SHIRTS, HATS, AND CAPS.

TOWNSEND'S CORNER

CLOTHING STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

OUR BOYS and GIRLS

Adventures of a Paper Doll

To begin with, Gentle Gladys was a paper doll. She had no parents to speak of, but was printed and cut out by machinery. Brothers she had none, but there was a large number of sisters, all of whom were her twins and looked just like her. The edition ran into something like ten thousand, which makes the family of Gentle Gladys one of the largest in all history.

Gentle Gladys was made with underclothing on her. This, as many young people can realize, was a decided advantage for her. It made it impossible for her to take a bath. Besides, her hair was always done up just so, and every little girl who has had her hair in a snarl and had to have the kinks combed out can appreciate the advantage of being made like Gentle Gladys was. Moreover, the young lady, according to how she was dressed—was so made that with two movements her clothes were changed. One movement was taking the one color off and the other was putting the other color on. She possessed six gowns and six dainty hats, all of them very becoming. While ordinarily immovable, remaining in the same position to which she had been made, it is a fact that sometimes she moved her hands when unchanged gowns—or, rather, when some one changed gowns for her. In one dress she had her hands in a muff. In another she held a bouquet. In a third she was holding up her train, and the trimmest ankle showed under the ruffled petticoat.

Gladys was a person of great refinement and fine disposition. She was exceptionally good-natured, never being known to complain or speak harshly. She remained where she was placed and always greeted visitors with a pleasant smile.

Gentle Gladys lived in a little paper box, along with her gowns and her hats. Her picture was painted on the lid of the box, and she never gadded about. It is presumed she slept most of the time, for she had to remain in the box while her mamma was at school; yet no one ever saw her with her eyes closed. She was too well-bred to sleep in the presence of company.

There, it has come out. Gladys got a mamma sometime after she was made. She was tied, while shut up in her box, to a Christmas tree and given to a little girl around the corner from the church. This girl, Irene by name, was delighted with Gladys, and loved her very much, just as a little mamma ought to do. She called in a neighbor girl, and the two dressed Gladys in one after the other of the gowns for an hour at a stretch. Gladys bore it all with patience, and never said a cross word to her mamma.

When Irene would go to school Gladys would lie shut up in her box, that did look like a coffin, and never say a word. And when Saturday came, then Gladys would be brought out and become the center of attraction, while the little girls would cut out new dresses for her. A very queer person was Gladys. She didn't eat a bite, and yet she remained plump, and apparently in good health. She didn't talk, either. This is the reason why there is no conversation in this story, though conversation properly belongs in every story. Irene talked to Gladys, and she could feel what Gladys evidently meant to say, but the paper doll never really said a word. Yet that she was happy there can be no manner of doubt. If she wasn't, why should she always smile so pleasantly?

Why, Gladys smiled even after she had laid out in the rain all night and taken that frightful cold. She knew that her mamma didn't mean to forget her, and, though she had suffered untold agonies when the lightning and thunder played around her, and her mamma was in a good bed, forgetful of her child; though she felt the ink running out of her, leaving her pale and wrinkled and badly disfigured, yet Gladys smiled bravely when Irene rescued her in the morning and tried to let her mama understand that she didn't blame her. Irene dried Gladys out as best she could and kept her in bed for several days. It was during this time that Gladys first undertook how deeply she was loved, and when a new dress was put on her she looked about as well as well as ever and was so happy.

Soon after this, Irene and her mamma went to a neighboring village for a visit, and nothing would do but the Gentle Gladys should be taken along. Gladys was safely lying in her box, along with her many gowns, and Irene carried her in her hands. Once in the train, the paper doll in the box was laid on the seat, and when the train stopped Irene, forgetting all about the doll, left her lying there, and never missed her until the train had pulled out and it was too late to get the child. Then Irene cried, of course, and her mamma scolded her for being so forgetful. It was the last time she ever saw Gentle Gladys. She never even heard of her afterward, and will be interested in the remainder of this story, as showing what became of her baby doll.

If Irene felt bad, how do you suppose Gentle Gladys felt, lying there among strangers, unable to cry out, unable to move and being carried away from those she loved? Words cannot tell her agony. Yet through it all she bravely smiled. Poor, Gentle Gladys.

How long she remained in the seat no one can ever tell. It seemed to her that she must have gone half around the world, for Gladys didn't know much about geography and couldn't be expected to realize how big the world is. Finally the porter came along and picked up the box in which Gladys lay, and when he had opened it he smiled and murmured to himself that he knew what to do with it. Gladys was badly frightened. She had never met the porter, and she did

"I Have Brought You Something Nice, Sally."

not know but he meant to butcher her. However, her fears in this respect were groundless. The porter took her and held her prisoner under some papers until he reached the end of the run. Then he took Gentle Gladys, still confined in the box, and left the train, carrying her a long distance through the town until he reached a small house in the outskirts of the city. When he prepared to enter the house Gladys was that frightened she would have cried out had she been able. But on entering the porter went up to a thin little sick girl lying on the bed and said:

"I have brought you something nice, Sally."

He laid the box on the bed by her side and watched her as she with trembling hands opened it. It was good to see the little one's face light up with joy, and to her exclamations of delight as she looked on Gladys and her elegant dresses he rejoiced that she had come to this place, and she loved the little girl. Sally played with the paper doll until she was tired out, and then she fell asleep, clasping Gentle Gladys to her bosom. No one will ever know the good that Gentle Gladys did.

Through long, feverish nights and dark, dreary days, Gladys lay at the side of the sick child, always cheerily smiling and never leaving her presence for a moment. Sally did not forget. Her starved soul seemed to expand under the influence of the paper doll, and, though she grew weaker and weaker in body, there had been awakened in her something that had never been there before. She forgot her sickness; she didn't mind the fever; love had come to her and she was happy. It saddened Gentle Gladys to see the little one failing, as she knew her to be. Night after night she remained by the side of the child, and every time that Sally would look Gentle Gladys smiled. It was all she could do. And it helped wonderfully.

If Gentle Gladys was unable to arrest the waste of the disease and save the life of the little one, it is not to be wondered at. Many, many men and women have sat at the bedside of loved ones, longing for the power to stay the hand of death, and were utterly helpless, and Gentle Gladys was so small. The night that Sally died she looked at the paper image, which had been dressed in its most gorgeous gown for the occasion, and, lifting a wasted hand, laid it over the doll that lay on her breast. So gently left the spirit of the child that Gentle Gladys could not tell when the bosom ceased to lift with the breath of life.

Since the little one had passed to the world of shadows with Gentle Gladys lying on her heart, it was deemed appropriate that the paper doll should be buried with her. Gentle Gladys did not care. It is hard to go under the ground, under the rain and snow, while still living and loving life; but Gentle Gladys proved herself equal to this stupendous sacrifice, and lay in the little white coffin, crowned in the garments of life, with the same sweet smile upon her lips that had in the old days charmed the heart of Irene, and there she lies on Sally's pulseless breast, probably smiling still.

Jack and the Clock.

"Why is it that I am like the clock?"
Said laughing Jack to me.
"Because I have two hands and a face,
As anyone can see."

The difference 'twixt the clock and Jack
Is quite too plainly seen;
I wish they were alike in this:
Its hands and face are clean.

A Tragedy.

This is the short, sweet, sorrowful tale
Of Jessica Jenkins Jones;
She planted a packet of seeds with pride
While her dog looked on with his head on the side
And thought, "She's burying bones."

When Jessica left, he dug like mad
In search of the luscious bones,
So Jessica's garden it doesn't grow,
And Jessica's dog is cross, and so
Is Jessica Jenkins Jones.
—Doris Webb in St. Nicholas.

MODERN PEARL INDUSTRY

New Methods Have Changed the Work of Gathering.

PEARLER WELL EQUIPPED

With a Suit of India Rubber, Copper Breastplate, and Leaden Weights He Descends to the Bottom of the Sea—Spends From Six to Eight Hours There.

The Servilia pearl given by Julius Caesar to Brutus' mother was said to have been worth $175,000, says London Tit-Bits. For a pearl an inch in diameter a Persian shah of the seventeenth century is said to have paid $320,000. The pearl market is somewhat lower nowadays, but prices are still high enough to make diving profitable.

The era of naked divers exposed to peril from sharks has passed away. Modern progress equips the pearler with a suit of india rubber, copper breastplate, with leaden weights back and front; helmet, glass panelled and with telephonic attachments; air pipes, life lines and a submarine searchlight. Thus equipped the pearl diver may spend six or eight hours at the bottom of the sea, whereas in olden times three minutes made a record.

Although pearls are found in nearly all mollusks and even in univalves like the Australian haliotis, a kind of barnacle, true pearls are produced only by the pearl oyster or mother of pearl shell. The latter is really the diver's bread and butter. The shells are as big as dinner plates and weigh two pounds when cleaned. They fetch from $500 to $750 a ton.

The ancient fisheries were chiefly in the Indian Ocean and Persian Gulf but nowadays the best pearls come from Ceylon and from Australian waters, especially Torres Straits. Pearl fishing in Ceylon is a government monopoly. In March the fleet starts for the pearling grounds, each vessel with twenty or thirty divers and their assistants. But the headquarters of pearling are to be found in the desolate country extending from Exmouth Gulf to King Sound, in Western Australia.

A glistening white coast line is this, whose monotony is broken only by mango fringed salt water creeks and scorching deserts of spinifex and sand. Long before inland gold was dreamed of roving natives fished these seas for pearls, and they paid many visits to Roebuck Bay and what is now the pearl town of Broome.

Chinese and Malays as well as tribes of native black fellows are there to-day, but the old nude divers, the reign of terror and piracy when a large haul was made—these and similar conditions have passed away, giving place to fleets and luggers carrying modern diving outfits and representatives of the inevitable capitalist in the person of the master pearlers. Here are six hundred miles of coast line, with perhaps five thousand hardy adventurers engaged in the pearl trade.

There are some thousands of Japanese, Manilamen, Malays and men of other races acting chiefly as crews for the vessels. The vessels are schooner rigged and from seven to founteen tons burden. Each carries a master diver and a crew of four, one of whom is the diver's assistant and works the air pumps. Another holds the life line and pays attention to signals; another is catching fish or peeling potatoes for dinner, and it may be a third has gone off in the dingey for fresh water and fire-wood.

The shells are found on ledges about ninety feet down in the sea, but they are far more plentiful at greater depth. Fortune awaits the inventor of a diving apparatus which will enable the pearler to work in comfort one hundred fathoms down.

The lugger has a low freeboard to allow the diver with his heavy dress and gear to be easily hauled on board. He carries a net holding the shells with him, and when this is full he has it hauled up so that he himself may run no risk of entangling life line or air pipe.

When the pearler works at, say, twenty fathoms he moves easily, notwithstanding his forty-pound boots, amid groves of coral trees, interlaced with fluttering, fern-like plants, among whose branches swim gorgeous tropical fish and sinister water snakes, which seem to resent the intrusion of so strange a monster.

A good day's work is anything more than two hundred pairs of shells. The business is absolutely speculative. One diver may gather ton after ton of shells without securing anything of greater value than a few seed pearls, while another may take a fortune out in a day's gathering.

The most famous pearl discovered in Australia of late years is known as the Southern Cross. It consists of a cluster of nine pearls in the shape of a cross. This freak of nature was picked up at low water on the Lacipede Island by a beachcomber named Clark, who, after burying it for some time for superstitious reasons, sold it for $50; later, it brought $50,000.

The pearl diver of to-day, protected as he is by every device known to modern submarine engineering, is exposed to many perils. He may lose his life by the tearing of his dress upon the sharp coral rocks.

HEN TRUST FIGURES.

If it Could be Capitalized its Product Would Pay Bigger Dividends Than Railroads.

It is claimed that the average production of a hen is 200 eggs per annum, but it is safe to assume that the actual is much below this figure, the Wall Street Journal says. Adopting the very conservative figure of 120 eggs per hen per annum, we find on the above basis of production there are 150,000,000 laying hens in the United States responsible for the production of 18,000,000,000 eggs.

At the farm price of 20 cents per dozen the total income derived from each hen annually would amount to two dollars. Allowing 40 cents for maintenance and ten cents for depreciation, which latter would wipe out the market value of the hen in four years, irrespective of salvage when the period of production is over, the net profit per hen per annum amounts to $1.50.

This profit, according to Wall street standards, capitalized on a five per cent. income basis, would place a nominal value of $30 on each hen. For the 150,000,000 hens this would amount to the enormous total of $4,500,000,000.

That the American hen can return a yield of five per cent. per annum on a capitalization of $4,500,000,000 appears nothing short of remarkable, but such is the case. The entire outstanding capital obligations of the railroads of the United States in 1907 were less than four times this amount or $16,082,146,683, while the total paid out in interest and dividends represented but 4.05 per cent. of this amount.

FIRST AIRSHIP SERVICE.

Dirigible Will Carry Passengers and Make Regular Trips.

The first regular air navigating service in Europe will be inaugurated on May 15. Regular trips will be made from Munich, Bavaria, alternately to Starnberg and Oberammergau. A dirigible balloon driven by two moters of 100-horse power each, will be used.

The aerial carriage will accommodate twelve passengers besides the crew. The fare for the round trip to Starnberg will be $55, and for the round trip to Oberammergau $175. The regular service will close for the season on September 1.

PRIVATE WHITE HOUSE WIRE.

It Will Cost Charles P. Taft, Brother of President, $24,000 a Year.

A private telephone wire from the house of Charles P. Taft in Cincinnati to the White House in Washington has been contracted for by him with the American Telephone and Telegraph company.

The 725 miles of wire will be at the service of the Tafts from 6 p. m. to 6 a. m. every day. No outside hands will manipulate the switchboard plugs and no outside ear will hear the personal conversations of the brothers.

The wire will cost Mr. Taft $24,000 a year.

$200,000 FOR SUNBURY.

Bill Introduced in Congress for United States Building at That Place.

Sunbury's government building is now almost an assured fact. Recently Senator Penrose introduced in the senate a bill providing for the "erection of a suitable building, including fire proof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators and approaches for the use and accommodation of the United States post office," the cost of the building complete not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars.

Ice Combine.

With a capital stock of $1,200,000, a new ice consolidation will be announced in the near future at Pittsburg. Options on eight companies are being exercised and the concern will be built around the Union Ice company, of which Charles Geyer, former mayor of Allegheny, is president.

Webster's Birthplace Sold.

The foreclosure of a mortgage on the birthplace of Daniel Webster, a farm in the southern part of Franklin, New Hamshire, may lead to the formation of an association to purchase and maintain the place as a memorial to the famous statesman.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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STATE PAWN SHOPS

Lending Money Upon Property, As Old As Society.

PIUS II. OPENED THE FIRST

The Mont de Piete a Great Success in Paris—It's Run in the Interest of the Poor Under Direct Government Control, and Is a Boon to Humble Folk.

Lending money upon property great and small is probably as old as human society itself. But it was not until Middle Ages that authority stepped in to prevent abuses in this connection and protect the masses of the people from usurers.

In the middle of the fifteenth century there was between the church and the monarchs a third power, which, although it worked in secret, nevertheless dictated terms to the proudest nobles. This power was the purse of the Jew.

In 1464 Pius II. opened the first State Pawnshop in beautiful old Perugia—that ancient cradle of art on the quiet Umbrian Hills. The idea was to relieve the peasants and humble laborers who unquestionably often passed their lives in utter servitude to the money-lenders.

The necessary capital was obtained by pious appeals to the rich and noble, and in a few years branches were founded in every city in Italy. For generations thereafter these establishments were under church control, but gradually they became a part of the public service.

The system took three centuries to cross the Alps into France. It was in 1778 that M. Necker, the famous minister of Louis XVI. caused the first lantern of the Mont de Piete to be hung out in Paris. Twelve years later, however, the revolution broke out and the constituent assembly decided to close up the short-lived institution.

Naturally enough the old pawnbrokers and usurers at once resumed business and were more extortionate than ever, the game being now entirely in their hands under peculiarly advantageous conditions. Their oppression indeed became so great an evil that the provisional government had sense enough to restore the now famous Mont de Piete, as the State Pawnbroking Department of France is called.

This vast national concern is run in the interests of the poor under direct control of the government. It is a kind of state bank, receiving deposits from the people on which it now pays about four per cent. interest, and it lends money at nine per cent.

No private person is allowed to lend money on goods in Paris or in any other part of France. This is a state monopoly conducted as we shall see with machine-like precision, with no unseemly haggling, no hurry, no discourtesy and no unkindness. The Mont de Piete indeed with its auxiliary offices in every quarter of the great city of Paris and "succursales" or branches throughout the provincial cities is beyond doubt a very real boon to millions of humble folk. It will take into safe-keeping and storage the stove of the street chestnut-seller at the approach of spring; and takes charge of the "fountain" of the iced drink peddler when chilly October warns him his trade is at an end. It will lend the out-of-work laborer sixty cents on his tools that he may go here and there in search of employment.

The headquarters of the institution are in the Rue des Blanc-Manteaux, and there are two great branches or succursales, one in the Rue Roquette, and the other in the Rue de Bonaparte. The latter is the more important and is somewhat incongruously placed near that noble institution the Ecole des Beaux Arts. One enters through a passage leading into an open court surrounded on all sides by the various buildings of the Mont de Piete. On the left, as you enter, is the department of "Degagements," where the prosperous redeem their pledges. Next comes the hall of "Engagements," where articles are received and beyond that the immense auction room where unredeemed pledges are sold.

It is curious to observe that although crowds are present in the various departments, pledging, redeeming or buying at auction, there is no noise or excitement and certainly no confusion. It is an anxious crowd but a silent one which passes about the counters of the receiving department. Here is an artisan out of work, a dry goods clerk, an elegantly dressed lady "pawning" her sables instead of putting them into cold storage for the summer. The whole transaction is looked upon as most matter-of-fact. Parcels handed across the counter are taken to an inner room to be valued by the appraiser who never so much as sees the applicant. The first parcel is perhaps a christening set of silver cup, fork and spoon. The valuer turns to his little weighing machine, weighs the silver, tests it and dispassionately calls out "Twenty-five."

A malacca cane follows with a top alleged to be gold. It is rubbed on a test stone, flicked with acid and promptly denounced as an imposter. Diamond rings and brooches go through most searching examinations. There is no sentiment. —

ARMY OFFICER'S CLOTHES.

When Commissioned Must Spend a Thousand Dollars for an Outfit.

How would you like to be forced to invest $1,000 for clothing whether you had the money or wanted to or not? This is what an army officer holding a commission in Uncle Sam's service has to do much oftener than he likes, says the Kansas City Star. If he does not happen to have the ready cash (and many of them do not have it), he is forced by army regulations to buy enough clothes on credit to fig out fifteen men.

It is an army secret, but some of the lieutenants, fresh from West Point two years ago, have only recently finished paying for their first $1,000 worth of clothes. Their salvation is that their credit is good with the tailors who cater to the army trade. All the uniforms are alike in cut. It is nothing out of the way for an army officer to be required to buy clothes on the installment plan. That is one part of the army officer's life that will probably not appear very romantic—especially to the women. But the rigid requirements make it necessary for the officer to spend a large sum of money on his clothes or suffer a penalty for not having them.

The pay of a second lieutenant is $1,400 a year. One of the first things he has to do on receiving his commission is to fit himself with clothes to meet the required regulations. In the first place he has to have service uniforms of olive drab and khaki for summer and winter wear. There must be one kind for service while mounted and another kind while on foot. It requires not less than four khaki uniforms of wash goods for field service. These are trousers for use while dismounted and the riding breeches. With the service uniform go the boots, shoes, puttees leggins, cap, service hat, saddle blanket to match, uniform, leather equipment and a few other things.

Then there are dress uniforms of blue cloth, one for mounted and another for dismounted service, with black boots and black shoes, cap, cape, overcoat, hat and helmet. There must be two sets for winter of all the different uniforms. Then come the official dress uniforms for mounted and dismounted service. With the official dress go gold shoulder knots and a belt of gold, costing about $50; cap, hat, patent leather shoes and boots. Next are the white suits for summer, with white shoes and caps. Then comes the social full dress uniform for evening wear, with hat, patent leather boots and shoes, purely for social affairs.

These are not all. There must be a mess jacket, raincoat of a certain color, and flannel shirts. The officers have to furnish their own horses, saddles and blankets. They have to pay their own board and for fuel and lights. They even have to buy the furnishings for their quarters. Uncle Sam only furnishes the shelter and the commission. Even the officers' trunks have to be of a regulation size. All these things mean an investment of about $2,000 at least, to begin with. This is more than the first year's salary and expenses cover also.

A Striking Change.

She used to strike his fancy in the days of long ago, as homeward from the schoolhouse they strolled in the afterglow; he courted her and wed her, but they weren't nicely paired, and things later happened, well, they oughtn't to be aired. As maiden she was quiet, full of comeliness and grace; she used to strike his fancy; now, alas! it is his face.—Boston Herald.

Advice to the Middle-Aged.

After you are 40, you may, if you are not a fool, choose your own rules, your own medicine and your own food. But you will find that the more you are in the open air and the more you are with other people the better you will succeed. You will also find that there is nothing gained by brooding over failure.—Edward Everett Hale.

Little Left of the Rubicon.

By a traveler in Italy the Rubicon, the famous river crossed by Julius Cæsar, is described as "the merest trickle of a stream, in which it would be quite impossible for a man to drown himself."

Sizing Him Up.

"Do you regard that expert witness as a successful man?" asked one alienist. "It depends," answered the other, "on whether you measure him by the amount of his learning or the size of his fees."

Holy Cross Day.

Holy Cross day, September 14, is a name sometimes applied to the festival of the exaltation of the cross which commemorates the restoration of the cross to Jerusalem in 628.

In Pleasant Fetters.

A Kirkcaldy (Scotland) policeman has been getting married. The carriage in which he returned from the manse bore the placard: "Handcuffed for life—with no reprieve."

Value of Classical Reading.

Reading the classics gives you in sight into the old world. It weaves a background for comparison and reflection and enriches the mind.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

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STOPS PAIN IN THE BLADDER, KIDNEYS AND BACK.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a **quick recovery**, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K 360 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has a great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home. 12-23-'09-eow.

Devil Fish of Great Size.

Devil fish weighing up to 200 pounds are sometimes caught in Japan. These fish are amphibious; they are often seen wobbling on their tentacles like giant spiders in search of patches of sweet potatoes. The natives kill them with clubs. In the water they are caught in jars lowered to the bottom, which the octopus enters thinking them a good retreat from which to catch its food.

Friends and Enemies.

Whatever the number of a man's friends, there will be times in his life when he has one too few; but if he has only one enemy, he is lucky indeed if he has not one too many.—Bulwer-Lytton.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

DREADNAUGHT CARS.

The nub of railroading is first-class equipment and reliable service. The Pennsylvania Railroad provides this for the public. For many months big all-steel coaches, built like Dreadnaughts, have been operated on all through trains. Their easy-riding qualities and steadiness of motion have been widely praised. The all-steel dining cars too have distinct advantages over the wooden ones. They are stronger and steadier, and the act of eating is made more enjoyable by the smoother movement.

There are also some steel Pullman Cars—Combined Parlor-Smokers and Baggage—in the service now. Travelers like them. They have plenty of elbow room and they glide over the rails. The Sleeping Cars are coming. Some four hundred parlor and sleeping cars will be in use by Summer.

These steel coaches and cars are the strongest vehicles ever built for passenger transportation. They are fire proof, break proof and bend proof. They represent the climax of safety and the perfection of comfort in railroad travel.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has always been the leader in all manner of improved equipment as well as in all methods of making their patrons more comfortable. This is why it is known and honored as The Standard Railroad of America. 3-10-17.

Trolley Time Tables

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Berwick:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
¶5.00	1 2.50	7.50
5.40	1.50	8.50
6.20	2.50	9.50
6.50	3.50	10.50
7.50	4.50	* 11.50
8.50	5.50	
9.50	6.50	
10.50		
11.50		

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sunday at 6.50 a. m.
¶ From Power House.
* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Berwick for Danville:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	6.00
7.00	P. M.	7.00
*7.20	1.00	8.00
8.00	2.00	9.00
9.00	3.00	*10.00
10.00	4.00	*11.00
11.00	5.00	*12.00
		† 1.00

First car leaves Berwick for Danville on Sunday at 8.00 a. m.
* Bloomsburg Only.
† Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg, for Danville:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5.10	12.10	6.10
6.00	1.10	7.10
7.10	2.10	8.10
8.10	3.10	9.10
9.10	4.10	10.10
10.10	5.10	*11.10
11.10		

First car leaves Market Square for Danville on Sunday at 7.10 a. m.
* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Danville for Berwick:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	6.00
7.00	P. M.	7.00
8.00	1.00	8.00
9.00	2.00	9.00
10:00	3.00	10.00
11.00	4 00	* 11.00
	5.00	¶12.00

First car leaves Danville for Berwick on Sunday at 8.00 a. m.
* Bloomsburg Only.
¶Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Catawissa:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
5.30	12.00	6.00
6.15	P. M.	†7.00
†7.00	1.00	8.00
†8.00	†2.00	9.00
9.00	†3.00	10.10
†10.00	4.00	*11.00
†11.00	5.00	

First car leaves Market Square for Catawissa on Sunday at 7.00 a. m.
* Saturday Night Only.
† P. R. R. Connections.

Cars leave Catawissa for Bloomsburg:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5.50	12.30	6.30
6.35	1.30	7.30
7.30	2.30	8.30
8.30	3.30	9.30
9.30	4.30	10.30
10.30	5.30	* 11.30
11.30		

First car leaves Catawissa for Bloomsburg on Sunday at 7.30 a. m.
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HAY FEVER

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Dec'r. 9th, 1909, 12:05 a.m

NORTHWARD.

	21 A.M. †	P.M. †	P.M. †	A.M. †
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	8 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill	9 14	2 52	6 29	8 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	8 05
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	8 54
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 03
Zaners	9 40	3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 05	7 30
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	10 00	3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 26
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	10 10	3 47	7 33	...
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	8
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M. †	A.M. †	P.M. †	A.M. †	22 A.M. †
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 45	7 00	11 15
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 08	11 30
Grass Mere Park	10 01	11 00	4 47	7 12	...
Laubachs	10 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 38
Coles Creek	10 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	11 45
Edsons	10 14	11 09	4 56	7 24	11 50
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 20
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 35
Zaners	10 35	11 29	5 17	7 45	12 40
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	12 52
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 12
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 10
Paper Mill	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 25
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 25	1 42
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	1 50
		P. M			P M

Trains No. 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily. § Sunday only. f Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt

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THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1910

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
of Bloomsburg.

MUST HAVE ATTENTION.

All State Roads Must Be Looked After This Spring.

Supervisors, in whose townships state highways pass, are being advised by the State Highway Department to pay particular attention to the roads this spring if they desire them not to disintegrate. They must have proper repairs or the money spent on them will be lost. In an interview with a state engineer some facts relative to the care of macadam were learned. In the first place it may not be generally understood that although built with state aid, the care and preservation of a state highway devolves wholly on the township through which it passes. In too many instances, after a highway has been secured the view taken seems to be that it is going to last forever, whereas, the engineer says, to protect a piece of macadam and make the road lasting, constant attention is necessary. Otherwise what might be a fine and permanent improvement will speedily go to pieces, bringing a very poor return for all the money invested. The first repairs, the engineer says, should be put on the highway six months after it is thrown open to travel. Thereafter at the end of every year repairs should be made.

To Protect the Skunk.

The skunk, which has heretofore had the reputation of being an undesirable citizen of the animal kingdom, is hailed as a noble and useful animal by a measure which is to come up for a hearing before the Committee on Fisheries and Game.

If House Bill No. 1062 becomes a law, anybody who kills a skunk may be fined from $5 to $500 and sent to jail a period of one month to one year.

Farmers are divided over the skunk. One view of the animal is that it kills chickens and that it doesn't use proper kind of sachet powder. The other view is that it is death on field mice and its principal food is upon the May beetle, which is very destructive to young orchards, raspberry and strawberry vines.

Sentiment in Politics.

My son, it is all right to be sentimental about your mother, or your best girl, or your school, or your home, but never be sentimental about your political party.

Brown, Jones and Smith were sentimentalists in politics. For sentimental reasons they voted the regular ticket of a glorious old party that has kept the United States on her feet for fifty years, when she has not been on her knees.

Aided by the votes of Jones, Brown and Smith, the party machine put men in municipal office who were extravagant and neglectful.

Taxes were therefore high.

Accordingly high were the rents that Jones, Brown and Smith had to pay.

The party machine sent men to the State Capital and Washington to do the bidding of the Trusts, the railroads and Wall Street, who were the owners and proprietors of the party machine.

Living was therefore almost costly enough to be regarded as a luxury, and Jones, Brown and Smith felt large callous spots growing on their necks from the pressure of the yoke.

That was years ago, and the callous spots are thicker to-day than ever before.

To-day Jones has it in for the Trusts something fierce.

Brown would rather denounce the railroads than eat.

Smith declares that Wall Street is a vampire.

Next fall Jones, Brown and Smith will go to the polls and vote the regular ticket as usual.

Loyalty is a noble quality, my son; but loyalty to a party that is disloyal to you is sentimental tommyrot.—*Newark Evening News.*

The Insurgents.

The stalwart Republicans are throwing up their hands in holy horror because of the unheard attempt of some Republican members of Congress to fight "party" measures. These "insurgents" have been cursed by the bigots throughout the country; have been called all sorts of names; they have even been threatened with expulsion from the party.

These men are the real patriots of the Republican forces. Whether or not they side with the Democrats, we admire them. They are few in number, but they have the strength and courage to revolt against the organization, and to fight for what they think is right, but their lack of subservience is shocking to the G. O. P.

$34.87 Per Capita Share.

The Treasury Department estimates the population of the United States at 89,883,000 and announces the money in circulation on March 1, as $3,134,093,250, which if equally divided would give every man, woman and child $34.87.

There is in circulation to-day $48,315,244 more than there was a year ago.

With all this row being stirred up about the high cost of living, the farmer, the packer, the retailer, the consumer, and the Lord only knows who else, have been blamed for it. Now say, has that blooming tariff been forgotten so soon?

Why Take Alcohol?

Are you thin, pale, easily tired, lack your usual vigor and strength? Then your digestion must be poor, your blood thin, your nerves weak. You need a tonic and alterative. You need Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol. We believe your doctor would endorse these statements, or we would not make them. Ask him and find out. Follow his advice. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

The endorsement of your doctor will certainly greatly increase your confidence in Ayer's Pills as a family laxative. Liver pills. All vegetable. Ask your doctor about them.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Mar. 11, 1910.

At every session of Congress, just about the time the naval bill comes up for consideration in the House and in the Senate, with its appropriations for additional battle ships, or "Dreadnaughts", as they are now called, there are wars and rumors of wars. The synchronism of appropriations for battle ships and the war rumors is suggestive. As usual, there is now further talk about an attempt to arouse excitement with reference to the alleged preparations of Japan to control the Pacific Ocean. "The peace of the world for the next five or even ten years lies entirely with the American State Department. It pivots upon the Far East, and Japan has played her hand. It is for the United States to reach the final decision." These are the words alleged to have been uttered by an embassador with reference to certain naval movements planned by the Japan War College against the United States in case of war. These plans, it is said, were discovered by a secret agent stationed at Tokio, and sent to the Washington ambassador. It is alleged that the situation is becoming intense.

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That the Secretary of the Navy has recommended the building of two additional battle ships of the largest size and that the chairman of the Senate committee, as is usual with him, is opposed to these ships, is not alleged, but is an actual fact. The chairman of the Senate committee does not believe that there is any probability of war; he is opposed to the great expense of building additional war ships at the expense of over ten million dollars each. The cost of building, however is only a part of the expense. The expense of keeping a powerful navy in commission, manned, coaled, provisioned and in many other ways equipped, is enormous, and the cost would paralyze Japan, Germany and other countries which keep their navies afloat at much less expense than we do. The Japanese are an insular people like the British, but they are even more insular than the British, for while the latter have a geographical insularity and are born, as it were, to the water, the Japanese have a multiplied insularity, for their country is divided into many islands and groups of islands, compelling a seafaring life, which to a great extent is followed by the women and even by the children of Japan. As sailors the Japanese are naturally our superiors.

***

There is no cause, and really very little prospect of war between this country and Japan. The suggestion of war would be ridiculous if it were not for the fact of our possession of those troublesome Philippine Islands. Japan cannot wage an aggressive war on this country except through that possession. If we can succeed in holding Hawaii no Japanese navy can menace our Pacific litoral. No war ships can venture five or six thousand miles with only the starting supply of coal. Our defensive position, owing to our wide water fronts on the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans, is very strong, and of course will be much stronger when we are able to more quickly assemble our war ships by means of the Panama Canal.

***

It is said that the plans of the Japanese for the Russian war were completed a year and a half before actual hostilities began: The result at the seat of war proved their effectiveness. The secret agent referred to has the plans which Japan is said to have prepared against the United States. It is, of course, figured out by Japan that the campaign is to be a naval one, and mainly defensive, for Japan has quite as many ports to defend as has the United States, and Japanese ports are much more accessible to attack except when defended by ships, than are the ports of the United States, for the majority of our ports are on the Atlantic and Gulf litorals, while only a few are on the Pacific shores. According to the plans, the United States would first lose the Philippines, and then later Hawaii would be captured. It is the pastime of war officers all over the world to plan campaigns. What else can the highly educated young officers from the military and naval academies of their respective countries do in "piping times of peace," but plan? The greatest naval and military geniuses have planned, but a single defeat or miscarriage of the most perfect plan by the ablest planners, will make another plan necessary and that plan is frequently retreat and confusion.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

COURT BARS GROGGERIES.

Severe Strictures on Tendencies of Saloons in Luzerne.

In Court at Wilkes-Barre last Monday Judge Fuller declined to grant liquor licenses to any new applicants. Old houses received their licenses, but over 100 new applicants were turned down.

The Judge said that simply because a man lost a leg in an accident was no reason why he should be granted a license. Neither was he entitled to one because he had 10 children to support.

Furthermore, His Honor claimed a hotel or saloon was not intended to be a gathering place for boon companions, but a place where the traveling public could be accommodated. Hence it was not necessary to fill up any neighborhood with saloons in order to accommodate the people living in that neighborhood. In conclusion, His Honor said:

"Certain communities of laboring men, with large families depending upon wages too small for bare existence, are filled with groggeries, which debauch the men, crush the women, debase the children and disturb the peace. And this situation will surely go from bad to worse, beyond redemption or rectification, until the slate is wiped clean for a fresh start."

Millionaire Says "System" is Robbery.

The spectacle of a millionaire telling his hearers that he made his millions by robbing the people, that all monopolists do, but that he had begun to recover his conscience and was going to devote his wealth to fighting the system which made it possible, was the unique entertainment provided by the City Club of Chicago at a luncheon last week. The speaker was Joseph Fels of Philadelphia, head of a naphtha soap company bearing his name. He said he was a disciple of Henry George and would always remain a "single taxer."

"We can't get rich in a lifetime nowadays," Mr. Fels said, "under the present system of things, unless we do so by robbing the people. I have made my money that way, and my firm is still doing it. You are all doing it. Every one of your self-made millionaires has done it. However, I want to say I have begun to recover my conscience, and I am going to devote my 'swag'—I like to call it that, for that's what it is—to doing away with the cursed system which makes it possible.

"If any of your millionaires feel the same way about it, for God's sake let's cross hands on it. I will be an oddity. It is unusual, though for a man who has made his money by robbing the people through a monopoly to be called a curiosity. It is also a curiosity to find a man, after nearly 50 years of monopoly-mongering, to admit it and undergo a change of heart. But I am sincere."

Uncle Sam After Flies.

A concerted country-wide attack is to be made on the housefly this year, according to Chief Entomologist Howard, who testified recently before a congressional committee.

When spring begins, hundreds of scientists, aided by laborers, drugs and chemicals and mechanical killers will try to drive the household pest out of existence. Dr. Howard says the campaign will be opened in the country districts and the department will issue a farmers' bulletin giving advice as to the ills the flies are responsible for and how to eradicate them.

Dr. Howard says the importance of congressional legislation to protect the United States from the introduction of foreign insects and parasite pests entering with plants and nursery stock.

Frenchman Flew in Wind.

In a cross, choppy wind of about 20 miles an hour which caught his biplane at the start and tipped it from side to side like a boat in a rolling sea, Louis Paulhan, the French aviator, made a daring flight at the Jamaica race track Sunday afternoon, with over 5000 to witness it. He was in the air for eight minutes and ten seconds and covered about six miles.

Ambulance Hit by Car.

While hastening to answer a hurry call Sunday afternoon, the ambulance of the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital was run down by a trolley car in Philadelphia and badly damaged. The driver and two physicians were injured, though not seriously, and one of the horses received a deep cut in a leg.

"A maid's best dress is bashfulness," an up the state paper says. That may be, but custom requires that she wear more than that.

COME NOW FOR LINENS

Our Semi-Annual Event Emphasizing Marked Economies in Table Linens and Allied Linens.

Come. Select your linens. This is a linen buying time because it's money saving time. There is safety as well as savings in buying linens here. We will tell you whether a cloth is all linen, or cotton and linen mixed. You must not be fooled. But whether you buy all linen or cotton and linen mixtures—you'll get the biggest money's worth you ever secured.

BLEACHED TABLE LINENS

56 inch bleached table linen, regular value 25c now 20c
60 inch bleached table linen, regular value 50c now 45c
66 inch bleached table linen, regular value 75c now 69c
72 inch bleached table linen, regular value 85c now 73c
70 inch bleached table linen, regular value $1 now 89c
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.15 now 98 cents.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.50 now 1.29.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.59 now 1.39.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.75 now 1.59.
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 2.25 now 1.98.

Unbleached Table Linens

56 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 25c now 20c
60 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 39c now 32½
60 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 50c now 45c
70 in. unbleached linens, regular value 56c now 49c.
60 in. unbleached linens, regular value 60c now 50c.
64 in. unbleached linens, regular value 75c now 58c.

Ready Made Towels Included in This Sale

Plain all linen huckaback towels 18x36 in. very heavy, regular value 50c.. now 39c a pair.
Plain huckaback towels 17x36 in. regular value 30c., now 22 cents a pair.
Regular 30c Turkish bath towels reduced to 22c a pair.
Regular 50c Turkish bath towels reduced to 44c a pair.
Plain huckaback towels 17x32, regular value 20c apiece, now 18c a pair.
Every towel in stock reduced for this sale, and variety is complete. Buy towels now.

F. P. PURSEL,
BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A

An Irresistible Bargain.

$1.75 Value for Only $1.15.

ALL FOR ONLY! **$1.15**

One Year's Subscription for McCall's Magazine
Any 15-Cent McCall Pattern you may select
One Year's Subscription for The Columbian.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

Is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated hundred-page monthly magazine. It contains sixty new Fashion Designs in each issue. Every woman needs it for its up-to-date fashions, entertaining stories and complete information on all home and personal topics. Over one million subscribers. Acknowledged the best Home and Fashion Magazine. Regular price, 5 cents a copy. Worth double.

McCall Patterns

So simple you cannot misunderstand them. Absolutely accurate. In style, irreproachable. You may select, free, any McCall Pattern you desire from the first number of the magazine which reaches you. Regular price, 15 cents.

The Columbian

is the oldest newspaper in the county. It is not sensational, and what it prints is reliable, and fit to be read by anybody. Regular price $1.00 per year.

DON'T MISS

THIS EXTRAORDINARY OFFER

Call at our office or address your order to

The Columbian, Bloomsburg, Pa

EVANS' SHOES

FOR EVERY

Man, Woman and Child

Our windows will tell the story.

The Largest Range of Styles, Snap, Durability.

Every New Style Feature "First."

We will be glad to serve you.

THE HOME of GOOD SHOES

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1910

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

The Berwick Solicitorship is open to applicants at $300 a year, with none of the local members of the bar rushing for the job.

Rev. J. R. Murphy, pastor of St Columba's church, was called to Braddock, Pa., on Sunday by the serious illness of his sister.

"Imperfections of character are found in most of us," wisely says an exchange.

Yes, and it's a wise man that finds his own.

Barking, Hacking, Rasping Cough

can be broken up quickly by Allen's Lung Balsam. This old, reliable remedy has been sold for over 40 years. Ask your druggist about it. 3-17-4t

Charles W. Brink, the liveryman, has brought action against Robert Troy for alleged abuse of a horse which he had hired, claiming that the animal died from the effects thereof.

Mr. Brit Harris, of Buckhorn and Miss Minnie Middleton, of Bloomsburg, were united in marriage on Wednesday, March 9th by Rev. J. R. Shaffer, at the parsonage in Bucknorn.

The committee in charge of the Knights Templar dance, to be given in the Cathedral, Monday, March twenty eighth, has engaged Chas. P. Elwell's orchestra to furnish the music.

If You Would Cure That Back,

You need a pleasant herb remedy called Mother Gray's **Australian-Leaf** for all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary trouble. As a regulator it has no equal, cures headache, nervousness, dizziness and loss of sleep. At all Druggists, or by mail, 50 cents. SAMPLE FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 3-17-4t

"The man who fails to provide the dough shouldn't complain about his wife's biscuits."

But many a man would be discouraged at the thought of carrying such a heavy purse.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office: Mr. Robert Crossley, Mrs. Thos. Maese, Chas. Heilecker, Mr. Fred S. Ruch, Miss Minnie Worman, Cards, Mr. Frank Trump.

To Break in New Shoes Always Use

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It prevents tightness and blistering, cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sweating, Aching feet. At druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 3-17-4t.

Mt. Carmel is to have a public salt-water bath house. At a depth of 2000 feet a vein of salt water was recently struck by the Mt. Carmel Water Company, and it is proposed to utilize it this way.

Shamokin is happy over the report that the plans for its new Federal building were being completed and that the work on the building would be started in the early part of June and finished as rapidly as possible.

NO WONDER SHE'S CROSS.

The woman who has a thousand petty cares and annoyances while she suffers with headache or sideache must not be blamed if she cannot always be angelically suffable. What she needs is thoughtfulness from her family and such a simple and natural remedy as Lane's Family Medicine, the herb tea that makes weak women strong and well. Sold by druggists and dealers, 25c.

According to the testimony of a ballot-box that has been opened in Court in Pottsville the people voted a blotter, a lead pencil, instructions to voters and some unsued Prohibition and Socialist tickets. There was not a ballot in the box.

The greatest wonder on earth, next to the false hair the women are wearing, is that any man who is engaged to marry can give satisfaction to his girl and his employer, in devotion to both, at the same time.—Atchison (Kan.) Globe.

"Let not your tongue know what your eyes see or your ears hear," advises a soutemporary. That's a good stunt, but if your eyes are blackened or your ears are boxed, it's mighty hard to keep the tongue from saying things, isn't it?

In a hole on the flats near Wilkes-Barre, where the water has almost entirely receded, 14 large fish were found by Guy Fralick, of Luzerne, accompanied by some other boys, on Saturday. They were German carp and the largest one was 38 inches long and weighed 21 pounds.

Mrs. E. B. Tustin has returned from New York with her son James, who has been under the care of specialists in that city in an effort to save the sight of his eye, which was badly cut some weeks ago. Treatment will be required for some time before the outcome can be determined.

Had there been no special privileges neither Mr. Carnegie nor Mr. Rockefeller would now be compelled to work blisters on their hands disposing of their surplus wealth. By the same token had there been no special privileges there would be less need for the distribution of surplus among the people.

A history of Northumberland county that is intended to be the most complete and elaborate ever attempted is being prepared by F. B. Musser, of Reading. The history will be put up in a large volume, illustrated and handsomely bound. It will contain a very complete history of the county and its early settlers.

Alderman John F. Donahue, of Wilkes Barre, decided on Tuesday that because a man with a wooden leg is drunk he cannot be termed wholly drunk, but only about two-thirds drunk. He applied this principle in fining John Buckson. He said the usual fine was $1, but owing to the loss of a leg he would fine him only 67 cents. Buckson paid.

City Council having approved the plans for a dam across the Susquehanna River at the lower end of Harrisburg, the specifications will shortly be laid before the State Water Supply Commission for its indorsement, so that bids can be asked early in the summer. The dam will provide a magnificent boating area three miles long and a mile wide.

A crusade against the sparrows that infest the trees about Public Square, Wilkes-Barre, has been started. Superintendent Barclay, of the Park Commission, had the Fire Department turn several streams of water into the tree tops Tuesday night about twelve o'clock. In a few minutes the air was filled with drenched birds. It is hoped that the midnight bath will discourage the pests and that they will seek other roosting places.

Low Rates to the West.

Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets to Rocky Mountains, Pacific Coast, Western Canada, Mexico, and Southwestern points on sale daily until April 14 at *reduced fares*. Consult nearest Ticket Agent, or A. E. Weile, D. P. A., Reading, Pa.

3-17-24.

For the second time the advertised sale of Eldersridge Academy by Sheriff Walter Thomas, of Indiana county, has been stayed. A friend of the institution came forward and arranged to meet notes of several thousand dollars held by the Townsend family. This academy for a half-century was one of the best Presbyterian preparatory schools in the State. The alumni in Pittsburg and Greensburg have been interested in its welfare and the school may be reopened shortly with renewed life.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

MRS. MARGARET C. ALE.

Margaret C. Ale, widow of the late Samuel Ale, passed to the other world, March 7th, 1910, at her home 5½ miles north of Carthage, Mo. Her death was due to a tumor which first developed last September. She bore her suffering with great patience, and died in the triumph of faith.

Mrs Ale was born September 3d 1820, near Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., being in her 90th year at her death. Her maiden name was Margaret C. Dildine, and she was married to Samuel Ale, in Pennsylvania, February 13th, 1845. To this union were born seven children, four of whom survive her, viz: Clark, Will, and Elizabeth, who reside in Missouri, and Mrs. E. M. Chilcoat, of Bloomsburg, Pa. She has six grandchildren, Grace, Minnie and Marguerite Ale who reside in Missouri. Mrs. Eugene Baird, Clark Chilcoat, of Ridgway, Pa., Clyde Samuel Chilcoat, of Washington, D. C. There are four great grandchildren.

Mr. and Mrs. Ale, with their family, moved to Carthage, Jasper county, Missouri, in February, 1878, and bought a farm 5½ miles northwest of Carthage, which they improved and added to until it is among the finest in Jasper county. Since the death of Mr. Ale, seven years ago, Mrs. Ale and daughter Lizzie have lived together on the home place. All of Mrs. Ale's children have been kind and thoughtful, but Lizzie has been devoted, and has given her whole life to making her parents happy.

The family is among the most loved and respected in the community.

The funeral of Mrs. Ale was held at the home on Wednesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock. A large concourse of people attended. The floral offerings were profuse and very beautiful.

Mrs. Ale was a remarkable woman, not only that she was so well preserved for her age, but for her many good qualities as well.

WILL DEDICATE ORGAN.

The fine new pipe organ presented to the Reformed Church by Mrs. M. E. Ent as a memorial to her daughter, is now in place and will be dedicated on Palm Sunday. The church will be appropriately decorated, and special music will be rendered by the choir, and a sermon by the pastor, Rev. W. C. Slough.

Mrs. Fred Holmes, organist of the M. E. Church, will render several organ selections, and Miss Sara Milleisen will play a violin solo.

It will be a very interesting event, and will be the culmination of many improvements made in the church property during the past year.

MARRIAGE A SURPRISE.

Bruce E. Holdren, son of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Holdren, and Miss Laura Wagonseller, daughter to Mr. and Mrs. George Wagonseller, surprised their friends by being married in Williamsport last Saturday. None knew of the plans, and the first inkling of the wedding was the publication of the marriage license in a Williamsport paper.

Build That Fence, Quick.

John G. Harman, Esq., town Solicitor, has decided that the Council has the right to give permission for the fencing in of Athletic Park, for baseball, and he will so render his opinion to the body at its next meeting.

It is to be hoped that Council will act upon this quickly in the affirmative. The place is practically useless and entirely unbeautiful, and its restoration to a baseball ground would not depreciate its present value. It would furnish a suitable field for the games of the Bloomsburg League Team, the promotion of which is being held up by the delay in securing grounds.

Died From Civil War Injury.

After 46 years James D. Bartholomew died at Pottsville on Sunday from the effects of a bullet which, as a Union soldier, he received in a battle in 1864. The bullet lodged back of the spine. For 20 years Bartholomew could not rise from his chair.

He was a member of Company F, Second Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and received a large pension from the Government.

SPEND EASTER AT ATLANTIC CITY.

Easter Sunday is the great day at Atlantic City. Round trip tickets via "The Reading" sold on Saturday March 26, good for 15 days at $5.05. Stop over allowed at Philadelphia. 3-3-10-17-24.

PRIESTLEY ANNIVERSARY.

Died in Northumberland in 1804—He Was the Discoverer of Oxygen.

Sunday, March 13th, was the 177th anniversary of the birth of Dr. Joseph Priestley, discoverer of oxygen, who for many years was a resident of Northumberland. Joseph Priestley was born on March 13, 1733, near Leeds, England, and came to this country June 4, 1794 landing in New York. He lived for a time in Philadelphia, where he was offered the professorship of chemistry in the University of Pennsylvania with a good salary, but declined, preferring to choose his own occupation in retirement. Shortly after he went to Northumberland and built for himself a laboratory and an extensive library, where he worked studiously up to a short period before his death, which occurred on February 6th, 1804. He is buried in the little Quakers' burial ground at Northumberland, and on August 1, 1874—the centennial of the discovery of oxygen—many distinguished scientists met there in celebration of the anniversary.

IMPLEMENT BUSINESS CHANGES HANDS.

Sheriff W. P. Zehner and his brother, S. R. Zehner, have bought the farm implement business of H. G. Supplee. They will move their own stock, now located at Main and East Streets, to the buildings of Mr. Supplee, on South Market Street.

PASTOR GREETED.

Rev. E. B. Bailey was warmly welcomed home on his arrival from conference of the Evangelical Church which returned him to Bloomsburg A reception was held in the church and addresses made by many of the town clergy and others, with a response by Mr. Bailey. An interesting program was rendered.

RUNYON STORE TO CONTINUE.

Charles Nagle, a close friend of the late Charles W. Runyon, has resigned his position as teacher in the Centre township school and has taken charge of the Runyon hardware store.

Electric Lights for Fernville.

Citizens of Fernville, at a largely attended meeting last Thursday evening, closed the contract with the United Gas and Electric Company for seven street lights in Fernville, to be located where the committee deem they will best answer the purpose. The contract price for the lights is $18 per light yearly.

Wind Did a Queer Trick.

During the short and sudden wind and rain storm last Sunday evening, a freight car, which stood on the D. L. & W. switch opposite the Richard Manufacturing Company's plant, was blown by the force of the wind out beyond Catherine street, where the grade stopped it.

Judge Hinckley to Lecture.

Hon. H. M. Hinckley, of Riverside, will deliver his lecture "Nehemiah and the Rebuilding of the Walls of Jerusalem," in the Lutheran church this evening.

More Orders.

The Richard Manufacturing Company has received a new lot of orders which will insure a brisk business for some time. Fred J. Richard has just returned from New York, where he secured them.

Epidemic in Fernville.

Scarlet fever and diphtheria have attacked a number of families in Fernville, and a rigid quarantine has been established.

Consistory to Meet.

Caldwell Consistory will hold a special meeting in the Cathedral on the evening of April eighth.

Cheap Dirt.

If you wish to buy either improved or unimproved land in the most fertile and productive diversified farming belt in the whole Northwest, write us for information. Hardwood timber, no stone, good water, good roads, Schools, etc. 65 miles from Minneapolis and St. Paul in Benton and adjoining counties, Minnesota. Prices $10 to $40. Agents wanted. Good proposition.

Benton County Real Estate Co.,
Sauk Rapids, Minnesota.

3-10-17.

BISHOP FAVORS SUFFRAGE.

Churchman Argues That Women Should Have Right to Vote.

"Be patient—not too patient, but reasonably patient, and you will undoubtedly succeed" said Bishop James H. Darlington, of Harrisburg, in concluding his address before the Pennsylvania Limited Suffrage league, at the New Century club, Philadelphia, Monday afternoon.

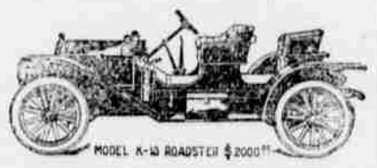
"The justice and necessity of woman suffrage are so evident that I don't know where to begin," the speaker remarked at the opening of his talk. "Why should women be deprived of this privileve? I am a believer in women. They have a higher tone than men. Women have leisure for study and thought. As for their intelligence, I believe it is greater than that of men. Women remain in school longer, and it is the women who originate the charitable institutions of our cities, who know what the municipal requirements are. Why then do we class them with criminals, idiots and imbeciles? Give them a chance; they could not, at least, do worse than men."

AS AGENT FOR THE

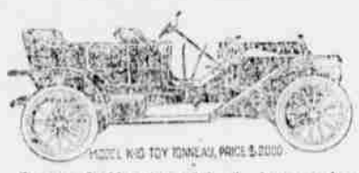
Pullman Motor Car Company

I present herewith cuts of five of the best selling models of the Pullman Car for 1910.

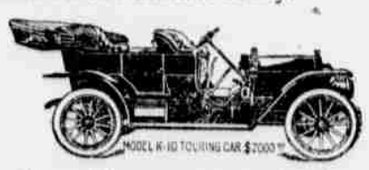
The 1909 models have more than fulfilled their guarantees in all of the many tests to which they have been subjected.



I have oversold my allotment for this year, and have secured a special option on a few cars for a limited time only.



I am fully justified in saying that the Pullman is one of the most popular medium priced cars on the market today.



I would urge prospective buyers to avoid disappointment by placing their orders as soon as possible.

I will be glad to furnish detailed illustrations of the different models.

C. W. McKelvy

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Pullman Cars are Licensed Under the Selden Patent.

FOR SALE!

The fine residence property of the late Judge Elwell is for sale.

Location:

West Third Street between Jefferson and West Streets.

Description:

Two story and attic, brick and frame. 13 rooms. Lot about 66 by 212 feet.

FRAME BARN AND COW STABLE,

large garden, abundance of fruit trees.

The house has a Steam Heating Plant, Bath Room, Stationary Range and Wash Tubs; Water, Electric Light, and Gas.

Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

GEO. E. ELWELL,
Attorney
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

—o—

IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO. AND BOWLBY.

—o—

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

—o—

WASH MACHINES

Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.

—o—

J. SALTZER,

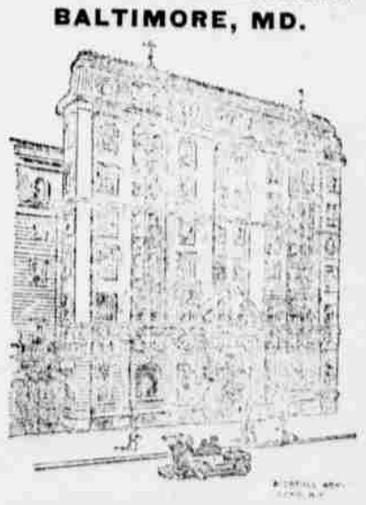
Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

HOTEL KERNAN

European Plan. Absolutely Fireproof.

in the heart of the business section of

BALTIMORE, MD.



Luxurious Rooms, Single and En suite
With or Without Baths, $1 Per Day Up.
Palatial Dining Rooms. Unsurpassed Cuisine

Shower and Plunge in Turkish Baths Free to Guests.

JOSEPH L. KERNAN, - Manager.

Send for Booklet.

9 30-6m.

FIREMEN DISCOVER A TRIPLE KILLING

Called to a Blaze in New York House Find Father Shot Two Sons and Himself

A VICTIM OF MELANCHOLIA

Herman H. Moritz, Real Estate Man, Corners, Clubs and Shoots His Two Boys Before Suicide — Outbreak Climax of Melancholia.

New York, N. Y., Mar. 17.—Herman H. Moritz, a retired real estate dealer, whose home was in No. 2210 Aqueduct avenue, The Bronx, sent his wife and servant away from home, shot his two sons to death, set fire to the house and then killed himself. Before he sent a bullet into his own brain he left the house, saw to it that a fire alarm was turned in and then returned to his home and killed himself. The firemen were forced to push his body aside to get the front door open. The man had been suffering from melancholia longer than a year, and his condition had become much worse in the last week. Nothing had been said by him up to the time of the shooting.

The family was wealthy and each of the slain boys would have received from the estates of their mother and grandfather about $250,000.

The victims were George, 17 years old, a student in the Bordentown Military Academy, in New Jersey, who died in his school uniform after he had been shot three times as he crouched in a closet in a bedroom, and Walter, 12 years old, who was chased by the maniac from the second floor to the cellar and shot down near a coalbin behind which he had tried to screen himself. It was not until the firemen had extinguished the blaze which the crazed man had kindled that any one had any idea Moritz had murdered his two sons. The body of George fell out of the closet when they opened the door to see if any traces of fire could be discovered there.

Before Moritz did the shooting he took both his boys out for a long walk, which they enjoyed exceedingly, having no idea their father in sending their stepmother and the servant away merely was clearing the way for murdering them and killing himself.

Mrs. Anna Moritz, the wife, who had gone to Englewood, N. J., at the request of her crazed husband, was informed there of the triple tragedy. She returned hurriedly to New York, and is prostrated in the home of friends in The Bronx. Borough President Miller of The Bronx, who was counsel for Moritz and guardian of his two boys, took charge of the Moritz home.

Moritz retired from the real estate business four or five years ago, after having prospered. He owned, among other properties, the three-story frame house in which the tragedy took place.

WANT FULL ARBITRATION.

Railroad Men Demand That All Questions of Difference Be Submitted.

Chicago, Mar. 15.—Representatives of 25,000 locomotive firemen and enginemen on forty-nine railroad systems in the West demanded to-day that the managers assume the responsibility.

The managers assert that to arbitrate questions of discipline would demoralize the service and establish a precedent which they cannot afford to have established.

The controversy involves practically all the railroads west, northwest and southwest of Chicago extending to the Pacific coast. Four small systems are not represented, but in the event of a strike it is said their traffic is dependent on the operation of the other systems, so that should the firemen go out it would cripple if not tie up the entire West.

LIEUT. JANNEY KILLS HIMSELF.

Wife of Infantry Officer in Manila Sees Him Do It.

Manila, Mar. 15.—Lieut. Clarence L. Janney of the Twelfth Infantry killed himself with a pistol in the home of Lieut.-Col. Ames at Fort McKinley at a dinner party before a dance. There were present at the time Mrs. Janney, Lieut.-Col. Ames and other officers.

Lieut. Janney, it is said, left the dinner table, having become angry at something, and left the house. He returned in a short time and fired his pistol into the air outside. Then he reentered the house, flourishing his revolver and shot himself, standing near the dinner table.

Second Lieut. Janney enlisted in the regular army from Virginia in 1903, when he was 22 years old.

MILLIONS FOR BETTER TEETH.

Boston Man Founds Dental Infirmary to Be Free to All Children.

Boston, Mar. 15.—Thomas A. Forsyth, a wealthy resident of this city, plans to give $2,000,000 for the care of the teeth of Boston school children.

As a perpetual foundation by which every child in the city from birth to the age of 16 years may receive the most expert dental services free of charge this donation will prove a boon to thousands of school children who otherwise would never have this care.

MORGAN PLANS BIG MOTOR CAR TRUST

Combined Capital of Companies Mentioned is $91,000,000 and Yearly Output 70,000 Cars.

New York, N. Y., Mar. 17.—Wall street believes that J. P. Morgan is grooming the automobile manufacturing trade preparatory to leading it into a mammoth corporation that shall exercise in the automobile field an influence as powerful as that exercised in the steel trade by his billion dollar Steel Trust, and as that to be exercised in the copper markets of the world by his proposed billion dollar copper merger.

This was indicated by the announcement that J. P. Morgan & Co. had purchased the majority of the stock of the Everitt-Metzger-Flanders, or T. M. F. automobile manufacturing company of Detroit, for the purpose of combining it with the Studebaker company.

The combination of these two companies, it was pointed out, would, with the General Motors Company as the unit for the Middle West and the United Motors Company as the unit for the East, lend itself readily to any larger combination that might be contemplated.

It is in this way, Wall street recalled, that Mr. Morgan forms all his great industrial combinations. First he forms independent concerns into units and then amalgamates these units into one big entity.

It is intimated that within a few years the automobile manufacturing business of the country will be as completely monopolized as the Standard Oil Company is, if not more so.

These units were suggested as likely factors in a combination:

General Motors Company, controlling about one dozen automobile manufacturing concerns, the principal being Rainier, Oldsmobile, Cadillac, Buick, Oakland and Rapid and Reliance trucks; present capital, $60,000,000.

Estimated yearly output, 40,000 cars.

United Motors Company, controlling Maxwell-Briscoe, Columbia and Brush present capital, $16,000,000.

Estimated yearly production, 15,000 cars.

Studebaker Company, controlling the E. M. F., Studebaker and Flanders cars present combined capital about $15,000,000.

Estimated yearly output, 15,000 cars.

Total present capitalization, $91,000,000.

Estimated total output, 70,000 cars.

Estimated output this year of all companies in the United States, 200,000 cars.

NATION WIDE STRIKE MAY BE.

Pennsylvania Federation of Labor Passes Resolution.

New Castle, Pa., Mar. 14.—The ninth annual convention of the State Federation of Labor, in session here, unanimously passed a resolution asking that in the event of an arbitration of the Philadelphia strike question failing, the American Federation of Labor call a nation-wide strike of organized and unorganized workmen.

The resolution passed was presented to the delegates by W. D. Mahon, President of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees.

The permission was granted and Mr. Mahon in a stirring address asked for the motion to pass the resolution. The motion was forthcoming promptly and passed with a unanimous rising vote, the delegates cheering.

The resolution was forwarded by wire to President Gompers.

LILLIS IS RECOVERING.

But It Is Uncertain When He Can Be Removed to His Home.

Kansas City, Mo., Mar. 14.—Jere F. Lillis, President of the Western Exchange Bank, who was assaulted Sunday morning by John P. Cudahy at the latter's residence, is reported to be steadily recovering.

Attendants at St. Mary's Hospital said, however, that it was uncertain when Lillis would be removed from the hospital to his home. Asked if his injuries would be permanent, they said that would require some time to determine.

The physicians say there now is no fear of blood poisoning, suggested by the fact that the kitchen knife used by Cudahy was said to have been rusty.

GIVES BLOOD TO SAVE SON.

But Lewis Hopkins's Sacrifice Fails, and Death Comes.

Washington, Mar. 15.—Francis Hopkins, 7-year-old son of Lewis Hopkins, grandnephew of Johns Hopkins, founder of the university that bears his name, died of meningitis.

The boy had lain in Providence Hospital seven weeks, and after submitting to two operations the physicians decided that a third, with the transfusion of blood, probably would save his life. The father hurried here on a special train, and a quantity of his blood was transfused to his son.

After the operation the boy rallied, but death resulted from exhaustion following his long illness.

For New Agriculture School.

Albany, N. Y., Mar. 16.—The establishment of another link in the chain of State schools of agriculture and domestic science, to be in Middletown, is provided for in a bill introduced by Assemblyman Slivers of Orange. For the purchase of the site $50,000 is appropriated.

ROOSEVELT ARRIVES FROM THE JUNGLE

Famous Hunter Is Warmly Greeted as His Boat Steams Into Khartoum

IS ESCORTED TO THE PALACE

Ex-President's Wife and Daughter Join the Party—Enthusiastic About His Trip, Roosevelt Says "It Was Splendid."

Khartoum, Mar. 17.—Looking the picture of health, and physical fitness showing in every line, Theodore Roosevelt came back from the long trail over which he has spent nearly a year in the pursuit of game. Thousands had gathered here to see him, and they described from afar the familiar form and smile, made so even to those who had never before set eyes on the ex-President of the United States by the many pictures of him which have recently been published.

Col. Roosevelt and his son Kermit, both looking as hard as nails, were wearing khaki hunting suits. As he stepped ashore from the steamer that had brought him down the Nile it was rather a bored expression as he regarded the group of British officers that had gathered to greet him.

Their black soldiers who formed a guard presented arms as the former President stepped on land. The scene was perhaps an unpleasantly abrupt reminder of the abandonment of primitive camp life for the formalities and conventions of the modern world.

The incident, however, had no lasting effect. The Colonel soon was fairly beaming with good nature and smiled broadly as he heard a battery of cameras click around him.

Slatin Pasha, Inspector-General of the Sudan, and others received and escorted the Roosevelts, father and son, to the Palace of the Sirdar, where the introductions were made. An hour later the two travellers crossed the Nile to meet Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel. As the train pulled into the station Miss Ethel was looking out of a car window and Col. Roosevelt and Kermit were alongside before the train came to a halt.

They ran joyously along the platform, shouting a greeting and waving their hats frantically. Happy embraces and warm words of welcome followed.

When the party alighted all were conducted back to the palace.

In an interview Col. Roosevelt spoke repeatedly with the utmost enthusiasm concerning the trip which is drawing to a close.

"I believe after all," he said, "that I am glad to be back. It was splendid while it lasted but it lasted long enough."

BEEF TRUST GETS BLOW.

Must Produce Books in New Jersey or Forfeit Its Charter.

Trenton, N. J., Mar. 16.—The Beef Trust suffered another severe blow in New Jersey when Supreme Court Justice Swayze, sitting at Trenton, decided that the minute books of the directors meetings must be produced before the Hudson County Grand Jury.

An order was signed directing the National Packing Company, Morris & Co., Armour & Co. and Swift & Co. to produce the books desired by Prosecutor Pierre P. Garven, even though they are kept outside the State. Failure to do so will result in the Supreme Court nullifying the charters of the companies.

TO END TRACTION STRIKE.

President Kruger and W. D. Mahon Hold Conference.

Philadelphia, Mar. 16.—The first step taken by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company toward settling the dispute with its striking employees, and incidentally ending the sympathetic strike which had then been in progress for ten days, was taken when President C. O. Kruger of the Rapid Transit Company conferred with W. D. Mahon, President of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees. The meeting of the labor leader and the Rapid Transit official was the result of outside influences.

REPRESENTATIVE PERKINS DEAD

Had Been Ill in Washington Hospital for Several Weeks.

Washington, Mar. 14.—Representative James Breck Perkins, of Rochester, died here at Garfield Hospital, after an illness of several weeks.

James B. Perkins was born at St. Croix Falls, Wis., Nov. 4, 1847.

He was elected to the Fifty-seventh Congress and re-elected to the Fifty-eighth, Fifty-ninth, Sixtieth and Sixty-first Congresses.

Jersey Auto Visitors' Bill Dead.

Trenton, N. J., Mar. 17.—The Senate to-day defeated; Assemblyman Edge's automobile bill, which permits non-resident automobiles to come into the State for three periods of five days each without taking out a license.

Bills were passed appropriating $12,000,000 for the erection in Washington of buildings for the departments of State, Justice and Commerce and Labor.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings From All Over the Globe

DOMESTIC.

The Governor of Georgia refused to introduce Commander Peary at a lecture to be held in Atlanta on the ground that he had not proved the truth of his polar assertions.

Peace negotiations were declared off by the committee of ten of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company's striking carmen.

Justice Hirschberg, in the Supreme Court, appellate division, referred to the New York Stock Exchange as "an association of gamblers of Wall street."

The Hamburg-American line announces a new service direct to New Orleans to carry immigrants into the Southern States.

A united Protestantism was demanded by 100 New York pastors representing all denominations. At their gathering they organized the Clerical Conference, which will meet regularly.

W. C. Maxwell and Frederick G. Frieser of the Wabash Railroad and D. G. Ives, formerly of that road, pleaded "not guilty" in New York City to indictments charging them with granting rebates.

Millet's painting "Shepherd and Flock," was stolen from the Golden Gate Park Museum in San Francisco, being cut from its frame while many visitors were in the place.

President Taft attended the funeral of his brother-in-law, Thomas K. Laughlin, in Pittsburg.

Democrats of all sections are becoming interested in Mayor Gaynor, of New York, as possible nominee for the Presidency.

Suffragist and anti-suffragist orators discussed for four hours at Albany the resolution to amend the State constitution so as to permit women to vote.

Directors of the New York Central declare a quarterly dividend of 1 1-2 cent, placing the stock upon a 6 per cent. annual basis.

Plot of four convicts to dynamite Dannemora Prison was discovered soon after the escape of two convicts from Sing Sing.

The annual report of the American Tobbacco Company shows more than 50 per cent. of dividend on $40,000,000 common stock outstanding.

WASHINGTON.

The Administration railway bill was taken up for consideration in the Senate, but in a half-hearted way.

President Taft sent a special message to Congress, urging that the government take control of the seal islands in Bering Sea.

The legislative appropriation bill was passed by the House.

President Taft makes clear that the tariff situation with Canada has reached a critical stage.

Orders are issued by the Navy Department for the withdrawal of the seven hundred marines on board the Buffalo at Corinto, Nicaragua, to Panama.

Major Henry S. Howe, United States Army, retired, died in his home in Washington, 88 years old.

Detailed reports are called for by the United States navy on the use of oil as a fuel.

The funeral of Representative Jas. B. Perkins was held at Washington; the body was taken to Rochester.

By a practically unanimous vote the sub-committee of the House Naval Committee decided against bestowing any reward upon Commander Robert E. Peary until he had furnished further proofs that he had discovered the North Pole.

FOREIGN.

The French Chamber expresses confidence in the government's promise of full investigation of the Church liquidation scandal.

Mme. Breshkovskaya was sentenced to exile in Siberia; she has refused offers of friends to pay for special privileges.

Mr. Roosevelt and members of his family made a trip to the battlefield at Kerreri, returning to Khartoum, where they were guests at a dinner at the palace.

Lord Roseberry moved in the upper house that the peers resolve themselves in a committee of the whole to consider reforms and presented a resolution that a peerage should not afford a right to a seat.

The Japanese press sees a presage of war in Mr. Jacob H. Schiff's speech, says a special cable despatch from Tokio.

Secretary Laughlin of the American Embassy in Germany denied the report that his brother Thomas McK. Laughlin, who committed suicide in Pittsburg, behaved erratically while in Berlin.

The French government will reopen all the accounts connected with the liquidation of Church property and hopes through cancellation of certain sales to recover some of the losses caused by defalcation.

Great Britain is aiming to check America's progress in the Orient.

Timothy Harrington, M. P., former Lord Mayor of Dublin, is dead.

British naval estimates for 1910 showed an increase of $27,805,000 over the preceding year's figures.

China is sincere and successful in her fight against opium, according to Bishop Bashford, an American Methodist.

Nicholas Tschaikowsky was acquitted by a Russian court, but Mme Breshkowskaya was exiled for life.

ASSAILS STANDARD OIL AS A MENACE

Frank B. Kellogg Gives Government's Side to the Supreme Court

CALLS ITS METHODS UNFAIR

Rockefeller Corporation, He Says, If Let Alone, Would Control All Industries in Five Years—Asserts It Has Waved the Black Flag on Land.

The Chances Are 4 to 3 Against Standard Oil.

Since only eight members of the Supreme Court are hearing the Standard Oil case, owing to Justice Moody's absence, there are seven possible divisions of the court—three majority decisions for or against the defendant corporation and an equal division, which would affirm the decision of the lower court. The possible divisions are:

For Standard Oil.	Against Standard Oil.
7 to 1.	7 to 1.
6 to 2.	6 to 2.
5 to 3.	5 to 3.
	4 to 2.

Washington, Mar. 17.—Holding up the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey as a danger to the country and its organization as a commercial precedent that must be eradicated from the business world, Frank B. Kellogg vigorously arraigned the corporation before the Supreme Court of the United States. It was the Government's turn to be heard in the argument on the subject of the dissolution of the "Standard Oil," as decreed by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Missouri.

"They have waved the black flag over the land as others have done over the ocean. Do I deny they have demonstrated their ability? No. They have competed with an ability unequalled in this country.

"With its ramifications, its influence and its money powers, give it carte blanche, let it combine, as Mr. Watson suggests, and let it cut prices, as Mr. Milburn speaks about, and I predict it will control every industry in this country in ten years—yea, in five years.

"What makes a great country? Not great corporations. It is the individual; the independent proprietor with the star of hope that has always been held out to man before him. Your Honors, it is but a step from combination to socialism, and but another from anarchy."

With a quiet emphasis, more impressive than mere noise or spectacular waving of the hand, Frank B. Kellogg, special counsel for the Government, thus suggested reasons to the Supreme Court of the United States why the Standard Oil Company should be dissolved.

Following John G. Milburn, who concluded his argument for the Standard within a few minutes after court convened, Mr. Kellogg spoke for nearly four hours.

"This company has been under search as no other concern has ever been," said Mr. Milburn, in closing his argument. "The power of the United States Government as it exists has reached right into the vitals of this organization.

"We beg of this court, if we are found to be doing wrong enjoin us from doing that, but in the name of justice do not destroy the organization which has accomplished such results unless there is nothing else to do."

ARTIST TOOK MILLET.

Wanted to Make Copy of $10,000 Picture.

San Francisco, Mar. 17.—Declaring that he took the picture in order to make a copy of it, William Kunze, a young artist, was arrested while holding in his possession the $10,000 painting, "Shepherd and Flock," by Millet, which was stolen last Sunday from the Golden Gate Park Museum. Kunze was arrested in his studio.

After he was booked on a charge of grand larceny the prisoner said that he was led to take the picture by his love of the beautiful and a desire to make an adequate copy.

DEMOCRATS MAKE GAINS.

Central New York Village Elections Show Change in Vote.

Utica, N. Y., Mar. 17.—Returns of the village elections throughout Central New York indicate that the Democrats won in a majority of cases. In Gouverneur it is said that many Republicans voted the Democratic ticket. The same condition is said to have prevailed in Canastota.

Herkimer and Dolgeville have gone Democratic, the latter for the first time in five years.

Volcanic Dust at Midday.

New Orleans, March 14.—The city was dark at noon and the Government hydrographer said it was because volcanic dust from Mexico thickened the clouds.

TRENTON CAR MEN WIN ALL DEMANDS

Business Men Force Settlement After Day of Riot Ending in Probable Double Murder.

Trenton, N. J., Mar. 17.—A double shooting, as a result of which one man will die, marked the ending of the strike of employees of the Trenton Street Railway Company, the men getting practically all their demands.

At least fifteen men were injured during the rioting. Three strike-breakers are in hospitals, one is supposed to be drowned, having been thrown into the Assanpink Creek by a mob, and five are in jail.

Trenton business men brought about a termination of the strike. The men get increased pay—twenty-three cents an hour—the abolition of an objectionable "swing" system and the substitution of a ten hour day; the reinstatement of all employees discharged for union activity and an agreement to arbitrate all future disputes.

This ends a two days' strike that has been the most serious in the city's history. The victory for the men is due largely to the fact that public sentiment was universally behind them. Hardly any one rode in the few cars that were operated during the strike.

STRIKE HARD ON MERCHANTS.

Philadelphia Business Men Plead for Peace.

Philadelphia, Mar. 14.—The United Business Men's Association, which is composed of merchants whose trade has been hurt most by the general strike, put several peace movements in motion this afternoon.

They voted enthusiastically for every plan suggested from an appeal to President Taft to the threat of a receivership for the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company.

The big labor movement has resulted in the granting of certain concessions to workmen in at least two of the big industrial plants of the city. At Baldwin's Locomotive Works, where the sympathy strikers succeeded in bringing out 2,211 men, according to the company's statements, the men have been granted a half holiday on Saturday.

Cars are now running in greater number than since the strike began.

Washington, Mar. 14.—President Taft was appealed to to use his good officers to stop the general strike in Philadelphia. The appeal came in a telegram from E. E. Greenwaldt, President of the State Federation of Labor of Pennsylvania.

2,000 IN PAPER TRUST STRIKE.

Third Brigade and a Troop of Cavalry Under Orders.

Albany, N. Y., Mar. 14.—Gov. Hughes and Brig.-Gen. James H. Lloyd, commanding the Third Brigade, National Guard, conferred regarding the threatened situation caused by the strike of the employees of the International Paper Company throughout the State. It is understood that all organizations in Gen. Lloyd's brigade are practically under waiting orders, including the Second Battalion, Tenth Infantry and Troop B (cavalry) of Albany.

J. T. Carey, President of the International Brotherhood of Pulp and Paper Makers, said at Watertown that there were 2,000 employees of the International Paper Company on strike.

INSURANCE AND BALLOONING.

Claims May Be Collected if Flights are Only a Diversion, Says Court.

Denver, Col., Mar. 14.—If ballooning is indulged in as a diversion, insurance money may be collected in case of accident or death, according to a Supreme Court decision to-day in a case to recover $2,000 insurance upon the life of Frank Van Fleet, who was killed in a balloon accident at Grand Junction.

Col. John I. Rogers Dies.

Denver, Mar. 15.—Colonel John I. Rogers, a prominent attorney of Philadelphia, and for twenty years the biggest stockholder in the Philadelphia National League Baseball Club died here to-day of heart failure.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

MILK—Per quart, 3¾c.
BUTTER—Western extra, 32@33c.; State dairy, 24@27c.
CHEESE—State. Full cream, special, 17½@18c.
EGGS—State. Fair to choice, 23@24c.; do, western firsts, 24@25c.
APPLES—Baldwin, per bbl., $2.75@4.25.
DRESSED POULTRY—Chickens, per lb., 15@24c.; Cocks, per lb., 14c.; Squabs, per dozen, $2.00@5.25.
HAY—Prime, per 100 lbs., $1.15.
STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 70@80c.
POTATOES—State, per bbl., $1.37@1.50.
ONIONS—White, per crate, 40@75c.
FLOUR—Winter patents, $5.60@6.10; Spring patents, $5.60@7.05.
WHEAT—No. 2, red, $1.26½; No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.26¼.
CORN—No. 2, 65½c.
OATS—Natural white, 50@52c.; Clipped white, 50½@53c.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 8@11c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $5.00@6.00.
CALVES—City Dressed, 10@16c.
LAMBS—Per 100 lbs., $8.50@9.50.
HOGS—Live, per 100 lbs., $9.30@10.40; Country Dressed, per lb., 11@13c.

Saturday Night Talks

By Rev. F. E. DAVISON
Rutland, Vt.

THE KING OF THE SPIRITUAL WORLD.

International Bible Lesson for Mar. 20, '10.—(Matt. 9:1-13).

The open sore of the world is sin. Sin is the chronic disease of every nation, every tribe, on this terrestrial ball. It is the one universal and all-conquering curse which has baffled all the physicians and defied all the remedies. From the first man until now there has not been an accountable human being who could lay his hand upon his heart and say, This heart has never sinned.

The Age-Long Problem.

The problem of the ages has been, How to get rid of sin. Heathenism asks it as well as civilization. Nations in darkness and in death have knelt on the banks of rivers, and on the shores of seas, and in the hearts of jungles, and on the mountain tops, stretching out pleading hands to the stars and to the waters and to the shadows, wailing forth the universal cry, What shall we do to be saved? But the rivers have rolled on indifferently, and the waves have spit their scorn into their faces, and the stars have sent not one ray of light into the darkness of the soul, nor healed the wound of the world.

The old Romans had a horrible punishment sometimes inflicted upon a murderer. They bound the body of the victim to the assassin's back and compelled him to carry that loathsome object until life or reason fled. It was in reference to this custom that Paul represents the man who is conscious of his inability to escape from his sins as crying out, O wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me from this body of death?

A New Creation.

It is into such a world as this that the King comes to institute a kingdom into which there shall enter nothing that defileth. Where then will he find his subjects if he expects to build that kingdom out of human hearts, since all have sinned and come short of the glory of God? There is only one alternative. He must prove Himself the king of the spiritual world.

There would be no advantage in forming a new kingdom on earth if it was to be no improvement over those already in existence. Change of rulers would be of no value if the subjects were not also changed. To merely teach men without affecting their hearts is to add to their ability to sin. Enlightenment without righteousness is a curse. What is needed is a purification of the stream of life at the fountain head, so that the current will flow pure and sweet.

He must be able to accomplish practically a new creation. We have seen that He is King of the physical world,—He can reconstruct the body. We have seen that He is King of the material world,—He can control the laws of nature. Is He also the King of the spiritual world—has the Son of Man power on earth to forgive sin?

The answer is not far to seek. The time has now come to show that He can deal effectually with the dark disease of sin, and when a man "sick of the palsy" is brought to Him, he looks into the patient's heart, touches the springs of His conscience, discovers that the sufferer is troubled about his sin more than about his disease, and recognizing the broken and contrite spirit, announces His absolution in the words, Be of good cheer, thy sins are forgiven. Then having healed the wound of the soul, the Saviour goes on to give the lesser blessing of physical healing and the palsied man goes home to his house, every whit whole.

The Divine Method.

From that time forth Jesus never failed to claim and exercise the power to forgive sins. Whenever and wherever He found a penitent He pronounced the divine absolution, "Thy faith hath saved thee, go in peace." Neither do I condemn thee, go, and sin no more." I came not to call the righteous, but sinners to repentance." "That ye may know, that the Son of Man hath power on earth to forgive sins." This is the method the King adopted to secure candidates for the spiritual kingdom. He took all sorts of sinners, men and women, great and small—Nicodemus and Mary Magdalene—the publican, the Pharisee, the harlot, the profane fisherman, the cultured, intellectual giant, Paul. And He made out of such material, white saints, great-hearted Christians, corner stones in the spiritual temple, a commonwealth of kings and queens. He not only forgave their iniquities but He gave them power to walk henceforth unspotted from the world. They lived their lives thereafter among men, advocating the very highest standards, and were known and read of all men. The world has been obliged to confess of them as of their Master, we find no fault in them.

Evidence Conclusive.

And what the King did in His earthly sojourn He is doing yet. Thousands of men and women have been redeemed from all iniquity by this royal ruler of the spiritual world. He has undertaken to purify unto Himself a peculiar people, and He proposes to transform humanity by His own spirit so that in the ages to come He may present unto Himself a redeemed race absolutely "without spot or wrinkle or any such thing." He has given the unanswerable proof that He is the King of the spiritual world in that He is able to subdue all things unto Himself. The evidence is conclusive,—the King has come.

SHIPPING GOLD IN OLDEN TIMES

Narrative of How a Bank Got Its Remittance 150 Years Ago.

Banks clamoring for gold to be delivered at the earliest possible moment; gold rushing from Washington special trains, flying up Broadway in automobiles, and plunging through the ocean in new turbine steamers—these have been among the picturesque incidents of the exciting finance lately. This is the description of how $50,000 gold was rushed to a bank in the British Isles a century and a half ago. The story is told in the published reminiscences of Dr. Thomas Somerville:

"I left London on the 25th of May. Mr. Donaldson, the bookseller, being informed of my intended journey, called upon me, and, after expressions of kindness, told me that he had it in his power to obtain for me a free and safe conveyance to Edinburgh, on the condition of my taking charge of a valuable parcel to be sent there in a few days. I accepted this offer, which appeared to me so reasonable, with my best thanks; but how much was I surprised when, upon my arrival in the city on the day I was to begin my journey, the value of the parcel committed to my care was made known to me, and a pair of loaded pistols put into my hands for defending it, with a paper of instructions relative to the plan of my journey. The parcel was a portmanteau covering a chest, which contained eight or ten thousand guineas for the old Bank of Scotland. The substance of the directions given me was, to write twice every day on the road to Sir James Edinburgh and Mr. Hindle son, London, to make only a short stop at every stage—not to travel after eight o'clock in the evening—not to lodge during the night in any of the large towns—never to lose sight of the portmanteau, to be deposited in my bedroom mand the door to be locked.

"The following is a copy of the route and instructions with which I was furnished: '25th May, 1769. From London to Barnett, 12 miles; Hatfield, 9; Stevenage, 12; Biggleswade, 14; Bugden, 16; Stilton, 14; Stamford, 14; Witham Common 11; Grantham, 10; Newark, 14; Tuxford, 14; Barnaby Moor, 14; Doncaster, 14; Ferrybridge, 15; (between Doncaster and Ferrybridge is a very steep hill, which it is better to walk up for fear of traces giving way); Weatherby 18; Bourroughbridge, 12; Northallerton, 19; Darlington, 15; Durham, 18; Newcastle, 15 (it is now better to walk down the steep hill going into Newcastle, and if there is a drag chain to the chaise, cause the driver to fix it); Morpeth, 14; Whittenham, 19; Woollerhaughead, 11; Cornhill, 14; Greenlaw, 12; Norton Moor, 12; Blackshiels, 10; Edinburgh, 14. Total 385.

"It is requested that you keep the portmanteau always in sight, and have it in the room where you sleep, which it would be proper were a two-bedded one. Please to write from Stilton, from Doncaster, Northallerton, Morpeth and Edinburgh, or so calculate it that we may receive a line by each London post you meet on the road. When you arrive in Edinburgh please drive to the bottom of the Fishmarket Close; and if one of you will be at the trouble to step up the close to the Royal Bank and acquaint Mr. Campbell or Mr. Innes, the cashiers, of your having a portmanteau for the bank from William Tod & Co. of London, they will send two porters with you to bring it up. Please leave the pistols at Arbuthnot & Guthrie's, in the Exchange."

"My journey was not by any means an agreeable one. Apprehensions of personal danger were revived at every stage of my route; for as the weight of the parcel required the exertions of two porters to remove it from one carriage to another, the nature and value of the contents were palpable, not only to the bearers, but to the many idle hangers-on, often of suspicious aspect, always to be found about the gates and stable yards of inns, and who did not spare their jeering but significant remarks on the subject—as, 'I wish to God Jack, you and I had a corner of this box'; 'The gentleman has need to be well armed.' The landlords, too, cursed and complained of the weight of the clandestine burden, endangering the bottom of their carriages; and, in order to pacify them, I was under the necessity of driving with four horses in some of the long stages. Haunted with dreams of robbery and assassination, I enjoyed no quiet, refreshing sleep between London and Edinburgh. I arrived in the bank close at one o'clock, 29th May, and delivered my parcel safe to Mr. Innes at the expected hour. Of twenty guineas allowed for the expense of my journey, one remained in my pocket."

Emperor William is going to make a crusade against the introduction into the German language of so many words from other languages.

Leon A. Bereznaik, a native of Odessa, is now living in Indianapolis. He is a lawyer, a scholar, author and translator of "Trilby" in the Russian language.

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MUCH of the work that is done in this office is of kinds that can be done by hand only. Nine-tenths of all job printing done in any country office must be done by hand. It can't be done with a machine.

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If you have been a customer of ours, you know the character of our work. If not, we shall be glad to fill a trial order. Among other things in our line are

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THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1910

Present Arms!

Or maybe you'd present some friend with a better equipment for the battle of life. For instance, present him with an annual subscription to this paper.

The Zoological Press Bulletin.

Timely Topics of Plants and Pests Discussed Weekly, by H. A. Surface, State Zoologist.

ORCHARD INSTRUCTION HAS COMMENCED IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, commenced this week to give demonstrations, with lecturers on orchard management, in such Pennsylvania orchards as have been taken in charge by the Division of Zoology of the Department of Agriculture, to be shaped into "Model Orchards," to serve as object lessons in fruit culture in the different counties of the State.

With the exception of three counties (Elk, Fayette and Fulton,) there are from two to five such orchards in every county, according to its size as well as its importance as a fruit growing district, or a total of over two hundred. In fact, York County has six. While these orchards will be used primarily for demonstration and instruction purposes, another class, designated as Supervision Orchards, (numbering over five hundred,) will be under the care of the Division of Zoology, whose owners will receive suggestions and help, from time to time, so as to obtain the best results.

Meetings will only be held in the "Public Meeting Demonstration Model Orchards." It is proposed to hold three such meetings during the year, for the purpose of demonstrating methods of fruit culture, viz: pruning, spraying of trees, cultivation and fertilization. There will be lectures pertaining to horticulture at each public meeting, and State Zoologist will endeavor to attend at least one meeting in each county. His places and dates will be announced through the press

The meetings of the first series, now in progress, will be devoted mainly to spraying for the control of the San Jose Scale and similar pernicious insects, but pruning and other orchard methods will be taught. Besides Professor Surface being in attendance, or one of his assistants from the office of the State Zoologist in Harrisburg, two of the State's orchard inspectors will be present at each meeting, rain or shine.

The dates of the meetings, and the places where they will be held, will be announced through the newspapers each week. Everybody interested should attend the meeting easiest of access, because of the valuable information to be obtained by a personal observance of the improved methods, that will be shown and explained, of dealing with insect pests and fungous diseases, as well as of managing an orchard.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

After La Grippe

"I had suffered several weeks with LaGrippe. Had pains in my head and eyes. It felt as though there was a heavy weight on the top of my head, until it seemed that my brain would burst. I was so nervous that I could not rest or sleep. When I dozed off I would awake with a sudden jerking of my whole body. Dr. Miles' Nervine, Heart Remedy and Nerve and Liver Pills cured me. A number of friends have since realized the same benefits."

MRS. ALVIN H. LOCKS,
Seabrook, N. H.

The after effects of LaGrippe are often more serious than the disease, as it leaves the system in a weakened condition that invites more serious troubles, such as pneumonia, etc.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

should be taken for some time to thoroughly restore nerve strength.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by all druggists. If the first bottle does not benefit, your druggist will return your money.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

BIG POSTAL APPROPRIATION.

Bill Provides $38,000,000 For Rural Free Delivery.

The House of Representatives at Washington last week passed the postoffice appropriation bill carrying authorized expenditures of $241,000,000 to maintain the postal service in the fiscal year beginning July 1 next. This is an increase of $7,800,000 over the amount for the current fiscal year.

The bill provides an appropriation of $38,000,000 for rural free delivery, of which $1,000,000 is allotted for extension of the service.

The committee reported only $500,000 for new rural routes, but an amendment increasing the amount that would have authorized the postmaster general to increase the salaries of rural carries was defeated.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1910,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate in the Borough of Berwick, Columbia County, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

TRACT No. 1. Situate on the northerly side of Woodin street, beginning at a point on the northerly side of said street one hundred and nineteen and one-fourth feet from Oak street at the corner of a sixteen foot alley, thence northerly along said alley sixty-six feet to lot now of Phoebe Croop, thence easterly along said lot parallel with Woodin street one hundred and three and one-fourth feet to Maple street, thence southerly along said street a distance of sixty-six feet to corner of Maple and Woodin streets, thence westerly along Woodin street a distance of one hundred and three and one-fourth feet to the place of beginning. Containing sixty-eight hundred and fourteen and one-half square feet of land. Whereon is erected

A TWO STORY FRAME DOUBLE DWELLING HOUSE,
and outbuildings.

TRACT No. 2. Beginning at a corner of lot owned by Phoebe Croop on the westerly side of Maple street one hundred and thirty-two feet from Woodin street, thence westerly along lot of said Phoebe Croop a distance of one hundred and three and one-fourth feet to an alley, thence northerly along said alley a distance of sixty-six feet to land of Jackson Estate, thence easterly along said land a distance of one hundred and three and one-fourth feet to Maple street, thence southerly along said street a distance of sixty-six feet to the place of beginning. Containing sixty-eight hundred and fourteen and one-half square feet of land. Whereon is erected

A TWO STORY FRAME DOUBLE DWELLING HOUSE,
and outbuildings.

Being the same premises conveyed to Ray H. Davenport by B. D. Freas and Elizabeth Freas his wife, James L. Evans and Fanny A. Evans his wife, S. W. Dickson and Lillie Dickson his wife, and B. H. Dodson and said Dodson his wife, by deed dated August 10, 1905 and intended to be recorded forthwith.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Harry T. Stoddart Receiver for the Eastern Union Building and Loan Society, of Philadelphia, Pa., vs. Ray H. Davenport, owner, and Lee Harrison, terre-tenant, and all other terre-tenants, and to be sold as the property of Ray H. Davenport, owner, and Lee Harrison, terre-tenant, and all other terre-tenants.

WM. P. ZEHNER,
Sheriff.

James L. Evans, Attorney. 2-24-4t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 19th, '10,

at ten o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the townships of Cleveland and Franklin, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point in the public road leading from Catawissa to Roaringcreek-thence thirty-six degrees west twenty-six and six tenths rods; thence north seventy-seven and one-half degrees west (twenty-six and six and six tenths rods) sixteen rods; thence north twenty degrees west eighteen and nine-tenths rods; thence north eighty-six degrees west one hundred and thirty-five and nine tenths rods; thence south eighty degrees west one hundred and ninety-seven and seven tenths rods to a post; thence south eighty-two degrees east one hundred and two rods, thence north forty two degrees east one hundred and sixty-one rods; thence north thirty-four degrees west twenty five and six tenths rods to the place of beginning, containing

199 Acres and 96 Perches,
whereon are erected
Two Frame Dwelling Houses,
Two Bank Barns,
and out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William Rarig vs Mary E. Wolf, deceased, and H. C. Wolf, administrator, and to be sold as the property of Mary E. Wolf, deceased.

WM. P. ZEHNER,
Sheriff.

A. L. Frits and
C. E. Kreisher, Attys. 2-24 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1910,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain lot of land situate on the northerly side of Fairview Avenue in Michel's Addition to the Borough of West Berwick, in the Borough of West Berwick, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows: On the east by lot No. 205, on south by Fairview Avenue, on the west by lot No. 207, and on the north by Brittain street. Being forty-five feet in width on Fairview Avenue and extending in depth of the same width a distance of one hundred and sixty feet to Brittain street Containing seventy-two hundred square feet of land and being numbered and designated as lot No. 206 of Mitchel's Addition to the Borough of West Berwick, Pennsylvania, and being the same premises conveyed to Barbara Reigel by D. A. Michael and Emma Michael his wife by deed, dated August 27, 1903, recorded in the office of the recording of deeds, etc., in and for Columbia County in Deed Book No. 78 page 362. On which is erected a

TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,
and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Harry T. Stoddart, Receiver for the Eastern Union Building and Loan Society, of Philadelphia, Pa., vs. Henry A. Reigel and Barbara Reigel, owners, with notice to all terre-tenants, and to be sold as the property of Henry A. Reigel and Barbara Reigel, owners, with notice to all terre-tenants.

WILLIAM P. ZEHNER,
Sheriff.

James L. Evans, Attorney. 2-24-4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1910

at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain lot of land situate on the Easterly side of Vine Street, in the Borough of Berwick, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning on the Easterly side of Vine Street at the intersection of Jackson Street; thence along Vine Street North twenty-five degrees twenty-one minutes West seventy-four feet to a corner; thence North sixty four degrees forty-six minutes east and parallel with Jackson street sixty and five-tenths feet to a corner; thence south twenty-five degrees twenty-one minutes east seventy-four feet to Jackson street; thence along said street south sixty four degrees forty-six minutes west sixty and five-tenths feet to Vine street the place of beginning. Whereon is erected

A LARGE TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE
and outbuildings.

It being the same premises conveyed to Dora Keylor by Charles C. Evans and wife by deed dated January 2, 1907, and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds, etc., in Columbia County in Deed Book 80 at page 74.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of W. W. Birt vs. Dora Keylor Finucan (use Dora Keylor), and to be sold as the property of Dora Keylor Finucan (use Dora Keylor.)

WILLIAM P. ZEHNER,
Sheriff.

James L Evans, Attorney. 3-3-4t.

CAN YOU BELIEVE YOUR SENSES? When two of them, taste and smell, having been impaired if not utterly destroyed, by Nasal Catarrh, are fully restored by Ely's Cream Balm, can you doubt that this remedy deserves all that has been said of it by the thousands who have used it? It is applied directly to the affected air-passages and begins its healing work at once. Why not get it to-day? All druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York, on receipt of 50 cents.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned Administratrix of Charles J. Freeze, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

THURSDAY, APRIL 7th, 1910

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following valuable real estate, to wit:

All that piece, parcel and tract of land lying and being in the Town of Bloomsburg, in the County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post late and Black Oak, and thence by land of late Jacob Ever, now of D. W. Armstrong, north 76 degrees east 133 1-10 perches to a stone, thence by the same and lands late of John G. Freeze now of John Richie to a stone in line of lands of said Freeze, late of Matthias Shaffer about 2300 feet, thence by lands late of Matthias Shaffer, south 74 degrees west to a stone, thence by lands late of Samuel Shaffer south 49½ degrees west, 102 2-10 perches to a Black Oak stump, thence by lands now or late of the Bloomsburg Railroad Iron Co. south 24 degrees east, 107 perches to the place of beginning, containing

109 ACRES AND 138 PERCHES,

more or less, whereon is erected

A TWO STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,
Barn, and outbuildings.

Being a portion of the same tract of land which the said John G. Freeze purchased from the said Bloomsburg Railroad Iron Co. by a deed dated the 13th day of March, A. D., 1858, duly recorded in the said County of Columbia, Pennsylvania: in Deed Book "Q" pages 163 and 164.

Reserving and excepting thereout and therefrom the following described tract of land heretofore sold by Chas. Freeze to Geo. J. Vanderslice, to wit:

"All the following described parcel of land lying and being in the said Town of Bloomsburg and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone in the north side of a public road leading to Bloomsburg and running thence north 62½ degrees east, by lands of said Chas. Freeze, 300 feet to a stone, thence by the same north 76½ degrees east, 892 feet to a stone in line of lands of John R. Richie, thence by the same north 12¼ degrees west, 584 feet to a stone in line of lands of Vanderslice and Moyer, thence by the same south 76½ degrees west, 950 feet to a stone, thence by lands of Wm. Shaffer south 62¼ degrees west, 300 feet to a stone and lands of said Chas. Freeze, thence by the same 18 degrees east 584 feet to the place of beginning. Containing in the whole 16 Acres and 4-10 of an Acre of land." Said parcel of land subject to the right of way heretofore granted to Thos. J. Vanderslice and L. N. Moyer by the said Chas. Freeze over and through the premises hereby granted and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a stone heretofore mentioned as at the north side of a public road leading to Bloomsburg, and running thence north 37 degrees 30 minutes east, 68 feet to a stone in the middle or the road, thence north 57 degrees 30 minutes east 347 feet to a stone in the middle of the road, thence north 69 degrees west to a stone in the middle of the road 150 feet, thence north 77 degrees 30 minutes west, 245 feet to stone in middle of road, thence north 29 degrees 30 minutes west 50 feet, east 34 feet to stone in middle of road, thence south 78 degrees east 105 feet to stone in middle of road, thence north 50 degrees 30 minutes east, 225 feet to stone in middle of road, thence north 86 degrees 30 minutes east 50 feet to stone in middle of road, thence south 65 degrees east 230 feet to stone in middle of road, thence north 34 degrees east, 55 feet to stone in middle of road, thence north 55 degrees 30 minutes west, 90 feet to stone in middle of road, thence north 45 degrees 30 minutes west, 200 feet to stone in middle of road, thence north 31 degrees 30 minutes west, 95 feet to stone in line of Vanderslice and Moyer before mentioned. And subject also to the right and reservations contained in a certain conveyance from the Bloomsburg Iron Railroad Co. to John G. Freeze, dated March 30, A. D., 1853, and duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds, etc., in said Columbia County, on the 21st day of June, A. D., 1862, in Deed Book "Q" at page 163.

The premises to be sold subject to the mortgage of $1800 and accrued interest, held by Jos. Deppen, recorded in the Recorder's Office of Columbia County, etc., in Mortgage Book No. 35 at page 314.

GRAIN IN THE GROUND RESERVED.

TERMS OF SALE.—10 per cent. of one-fourth of bid at striking down of property; the balance of one-fourth less 10 per cent. on confirmation absolute of sale, and the remaining three fourths one year from date of confirmation nisi, with interest at 6 per cent. to be secured by mortgage against the premises.

Deed at expense of purchaser. Possession given on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

SARAH A. FREEZE,
Administratrix.

H. J. Pursel, Auctioneer.
John G. Harman, Attorney. 3-17-5t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Harman A. Kreamer, deceased,

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Wilson G. Kreamer, Administrator, will sit at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, March 25th, 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund,

A. N. YOST,
3 3 4t. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

In re-estate of Wm. McKelvy Musgrave, late of the Borough of Orangeville, in the county of Columbia, and State of Penn'a, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration in the above estate have been granted unto the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will present the same without delay.

A. W. MUSGRAVE,
Administrator of
Wm. McK. Musgrave, dec'd.
No. 101 N. Main Ave.
Clinton Herring, Scranton, Pa.
2-24 6t Atty.

FIRST SHOWING OF

SPRING SUITS

The stock is not complete and probably will not be any day during the season, because every day Garments go out and others come in. Our variety is constantly changing and will continue to do so during the entire season. Everything we have is of the latest designs and exclusive styles. Seeing these will cost you nothing and for your own good it will pay you to look before buying.

DIME STAMPS WITH EVERY PURCHASE.

OVER 7,000 McCALL PATTERNS.

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Alexander Brothers & Co.
—DEALERS IN—
Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, and Confectionery.
Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
HAVE YOU SMOKED A
ROYAL BUCK or JEWEL CIGAR?
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM.
ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

RUGS Royal Wilton, Body Brussel, Axminster Velvet and Tapestry in the different sizes
Carpet Sweepers, Best in the land.
VACUUM CARPET CLEANERS
Electric and Hand Power.
THE FREE SEWING MACHINE.
This machine is ball bearing throughout. It is not only guaranteed, but is INSURED for five years against fire or accident.
W. H. BROWER.

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SHOES TO FIT
AND
FIT TO WEAR
and at
Prices That Will Make You Wonder
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221 Center Street, - Bloomsburg, Pa,